The Afternoon Paper is the Busy Man's Paper, The Working Man's Paper, The Busy Housewife's Paper. In Busy Greensboro The Afternoon Paper Is Everybody's Paper.

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WATER SUPPLY AT REEDY FORK GETS LESS AND LESS

Capacity of Both Streams Last Night Not Sufficient to Run One Pump.

Commissioner J. G. Foushee was seen this morning just after he had returned from the Reedy Fork pumping station where he went to investigate the condition of the city's water supply.

"How did you find the supply?" Mr. Foushe was asked.

"It was much lower this morning than when we visited the place a couple of weeks ago," Mr. Foushee responded. "The engineer was forced to stop the pump for a time last night on account of the low water," Mr. Foushee continued. "Since the water got so low we have been running only one pump but it has been going day and night. Last night was the first time the water got so low that the supply would not keep one pump going."

Commissioner Foushee stated that every effort was being made to keep a full supply in the Reedy Fork reservoir, which has a capacity of $25.000,000 gallons or enough to supply the city ten days unless there is a fire to draw on the supply. Both Reedy Fork and Horsepen have been thrown together and the entire supply is not adequate to keep the pump going. It is possible that a dam will be built across the two streams at the bridge and cause the water to pond. The pumps can then run for a time after which they will allow the water to pond until a sufficient quantity is in store to start them again. In this way the reservoir can be kept full and as long as this is the case there will be no immediate danger. However, should the supply decrease further to any extent the condition will begin to look critical indeed.

Mr. Foushee was asked whether or not spiling would cause the quantity of water passing the point to be increased to an appreciable extent. He replied that he did not; that while there was a quantity of water seeping through the sand the bed would remain full of water even with the stream spiled. It is believed that the larger portion of the water in the sand is moving only slowly and this because of the fact that the sands are hot and easily dry on each side of the small stream flowing down the center of the channel.

PARQUET STATESMAN NOW

Mr. Bryan Coins New Term For Congressman Underwood.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 18.—William Jennings Bryan yesterday created the term "Parquet statesman." In the Commoner, commenting on Congressman Underwood's charge that Congressman James had "played to the gallery," Mr. Bryan says:

"Mr. Underwood withdrew the language and apologized, but those who belong to Mr. Underwood's class will hardly give up the use of the term. But what shall we call those statesmen who do not play to the galleries? How would 'Parquet statesmen' do?

"As Mr. Underwood prides himself that he does not play to the galleries, it is not unfair to assume that he plays to those who occupy seats in the parquet and in the private boxes."

Big Meeting of Juniors.

Greensboro Council, No. 13, Jr. O. U. A. M. held an interesting meeting last night at which several candidates "rode the goat." Following the work of the lodge refreshments were served in abundance. There was a large attendance.

NO QUORUM PRESENT MEETING ADJOURNED

At the regular meeting of the directors of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday evening, a quorum could not be made and the meeting was postponed until this evening in the assembly room of the Chamber of Commerce quarters. It is necessary that important business be dispatched and the directors are urged to be present.

SHIP

With 300 Passengers Aboard Crashes Into Iceberg — Danger of Sinking.

Boston, Aug. 18.—The steamship Saturina, from Montreal to Glasgow, crashed into an iceberg in mid-Atlantic this morning. A wireless message received here says the ship is in a badly crippled condition and is in danger of sinking. There are three hundred passengers on board.

THE TOBACCO TRUST CAN'T DODGE SUIT

Court Says Reorganization Need Not Hamper Action For $500,000 Damages.

New York, Aug. 18.—The United States circuit court held today that the recent decision of the supreme court declaring the American Tobacco Company an illegal trust and directing its reorganization need not hamper a suit pending against the company for damages for restraint of trade.

This opinion was expressed by Judge Noyes in refusing to strike some of the most serious allegations from the complaint in a suit brought against the American Tobacco Company and the Metropolitan Tobacco Company by Louis, August and Samuel Simon, tobacco brokers of this city.

The Simons demand under the Sherman anti-trust law triple damages, aggregating $500,000, on the ground that they were forced out of business.

Togo Better.

Boston, Aug. 18.—Admiral Togo, who suffered from an attack of indigestion yesterday, was reported as much improved today.

NEGRO DOCTOR IS CHARGED WITH PRESCRIBING COCAINE

The police department, who it will be remembered have been having a great deal of trouble with cocaine fiends during the summer, have, in their opinion, captured the root of the evil with the holding of Dr. E. D. McLaurin, colored, for trial at the September term of Superior court on the charge of unlawfully giving prescriptions for cocaine to habitual users. Dr. McLaruin was given a hearing in Municipal court this morning and the evidence brought forward concerning his indiscriminate prescribing of the drug caused the judge to send him to trial in the higher court under a bond of $250. McLaurin furnished the bail, W. L. McNair acting as his bondsman. McLaurin claimed that he thought he was within the bounds of the law in giving the prescriptions.

G. H. Henderson, a negro of Danville, was the only witness. He gave testimony that he had been making weekly pilgrimages from that city to Greensboro for some time and obtaining a supply of the drug. This he declared he easily secured as Dr. McLaurin furnished the prescription for a moderate charge, knowing that the patient was a constant user of cocaine. The physician is very evidently in considerable trouble, the extent of which will be determined in the court. In the meantime, the police are congratulating themselves that a large factor in the crime circle of the negroes has been effectually destroyed. The negro Henderson was placed under a bond of $50 for his appearance as a witness, and in default of this was sent to jail.

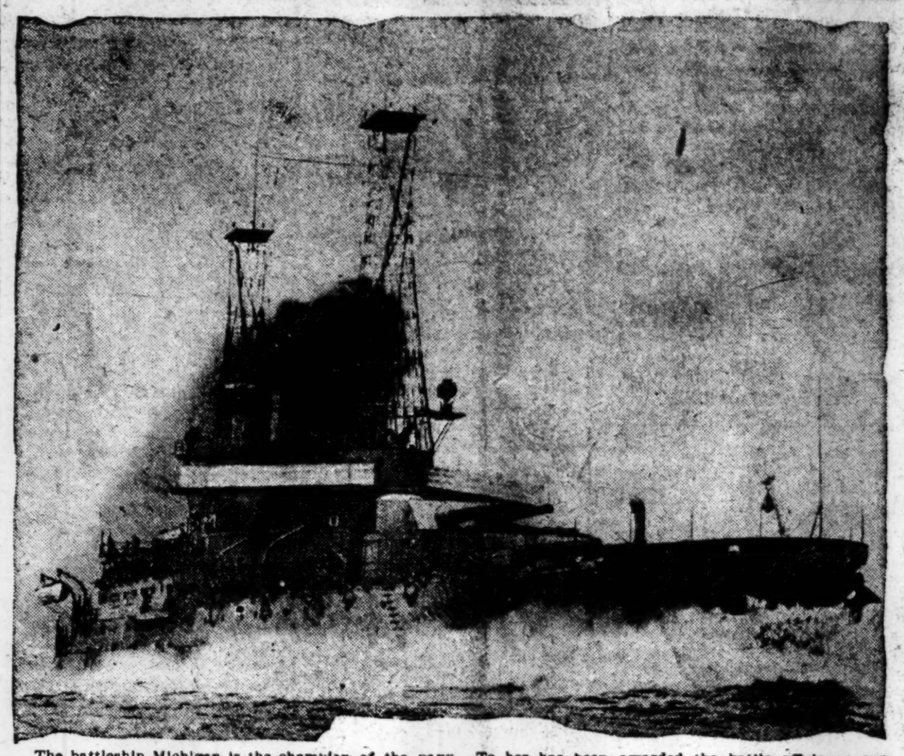
Two young white men, George Tyson and Will Sides, were convicted of overspeeding on motor cycles on last Sunday afternoon and both were taxed with the costs in the actions against them.

ARRESTS FOR ALASKA FRAUD.

Officers of Coal Companies Must Face Charge of Extortion.

Portland, Ore., Aug. 18.—Charged with conspiracy to defraud the government by securing a contract to supply coal to forts in Alaska in 1908, at an alleged excessive price per ton, John H. Bullock, former president of the John J. Sesnon Company, of Seattle and Alaska, was arrested in this city today by United States Marshal Colwell.

Battleship Michigan, Champion of the Navy, Gets Pennant For Gunnery and Engineering.



The battleship Michigan is the champion of the navy. To her has been awarded the battle efficiency pennant for the highest combined merits in gunnery and engineering for the year ended June 20, 1911. This is the second honor which the Michigan has captured this year, the first being the trophy for superiority in gunnery. The armored cruiser North Carolina won the individual engineering competition, but fell short of the Michigan on the combined showing of gunnery and engineering efficiency. The Michigan's gunnery prize will be a red triangular flag with a black border, which it will fly until the honor is taken away by a more competent sister ship. This silk pennant is now being constructed by the crew of the armored cruiser Maryland of the Pacific fleet, formerly champion at the targets. Enlisted men of that ship will convey the flag across the continent to the navy department.

CAUSES

Of the Bridgeport and Superior Railroad wrecks are Announced

Washington, Aug. 18.—The Interstate Commerce Commission today made public its report on the Bridgeport and Superior wrecks. The report sets forth the fact that the Bridgeport wreck was caused on account of the engineer running at too high speed. The Superior wreck was caused on account of the fact that the train crew had been on duty for nearly 19 hours and were completely fagged out.

THE FUNERAL SERVICES OF MRS. L. D. WOMBLE, SR.

Raleigh, Aug. 18.—The funeral of Mrs. Louis D. Womble, Sr., who passed away Wednesday morning, was held from the First Presbyterian church, of which she was a devoted member, yesterday afternoon at half past 5 o'clock, conducted by the assistant pastor, Rev. J. E. Hemphill, in the absence of the pastor, Rev. Dr. White. There were at the church many friends of the bereaved loved ones, who by their presence sought in a feeble way to show the deep sympathy which they felt. The floral offerings were many and of beautiful design.

During the service the music rendered by the choir and congregation was most appropriate, the hymns being, "Art Thou Weary?" "Jesus Lover of My Soul" and "Peace, Perfect Peace." Mrs. Horace Dowell rendered as a solo "I Am a Pilgrim."

At the conclusion of the services at the church the remains were borne to Oak wood cemetery, where the interment took place, the pall-bearers being: Dr. D. H. Hill, Messrs. Oscar Hay, James F. Jordan, Leo. D. Heartt, Henry Carver and Carey K. Durfey.

Charlotte's New City Attorney.

Charlotte, Aug. 18.—At a special meeting of the board of aldermen yesterday Mr. Chase Brenizer was elected city attorney to succeed Mr. Paul C. Whitlock, who insisted that his resignation, tendered a few nights ago, be accepted. There was a determined fight on the part of three of the aldermen to defeat Mr. Brenizer, who was Mayor Bland's campaign manager in the recent campaign and was the mayor's choice for the city attorneyship, and a motion to make his election unanimous after he had been given a majority failed to bring one of the insurgents within the fold.

COURT ORDERS EXERCISE FOR PAUL BEATTIE

Wants Him Physically Strong for Ordeal on Witness Stand at Beattie Trial

Richmond, Va., Aug. 18.—Judge Watson has issued an order on the sheriff of Chesterfield county to arrange daily exercise for Paul Beattie, who is considered as the most important witness for the State in the murder case against Henry Beattie. Paul Beattie will have a terrible ordeal to go through during his cross-examination upon the stand, it being understood that the defense will seek to show that he really murdered Beattie's wife, and the purpose of the order is to make him physically strong for the ordeal.

Dr. Allison Keiges, an alienist who has been engaged by the defense, interviewed Paul Beattie's father as to insanity in the family.

Beulah Binford, who was thought on yesterday to have developed a case of typhoid fever, is recovering her health. She is looked upon as a designing woman and but little sympathy is expressed for her here.

POSTOFFICE AT BARBERS BURNED THIS MORNING

Winston, Aug. 18.—The store of J. T. Barber, in which the postoffice of Barbers, Rowan county, was located, was destroyed by fire early this morning. None of the contents were saved. The loss is estimated at $5,000. Only a small stock of postal supplies were carried.

The Pope At Work.

Rome, Aug. 18.—Pope Pius has so far recovered from his late illness that he worked at his desk for an hour this morning.

Atwood Delayed By Rain.

Cleveland, Aug. 18.—Harry N. Atwood, who arrived here late yesterday afternoon on his aerial journey to the sea, was delayed this morning on account of rain.

WILSON

Will Testify Before House Committee Regarding the Wiley Case.

Washington, Aug. 18.—Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, chief chemist of the Department of Agriculture, this morning took the stand before the House investigating committee and concluded his testimony. He stated that Secretary Wilson knew all about the employment of Dr. Rusby. The only other witness to be examined is Secretary Wilson, who will probably go on the stand tomorrow.

GEORGIA SOLONS ADJOURN.

Some Important Measures Enacted During the Fifty-Day Session.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 17.—The allotted fifty days of the 1911 session of Georgia's Legislature were numbered yesterday. The session was noted among other things, for the election of Governor Hoke Smith as United States Senator and his determination, despite some opposition to retain the governorship until certain legislation was accomplished. The reason given by the Governor for his retention of the office was his anxiety to see passed an anti-lobbying bill and in this he was satisfied.

Other important events of the session were:

Defeat of a bill by committee prohibiting sale of "near-beer;" passage of bill making possession of Federal liquor license prima facie evidence of conducting sale of liquor; refusal to admit women lawyers to bar; enactment of Georgia's first game and fish law; making it possible for cities to adopt commission form of government; proposal to remove capital to Macon; creation of office of State auditor; creation of department of labor.

Final adjournment of the session tonight was delayed because of opposition in the Senate to consideration of certain appointments sent the Senate by the Governor. It was said early tonight that the appointments might not be confirmed.

Nab Officer of Another Concern.

Seattle, Aug. 18.—Charles E. Houston, manager of the Pacific Coast Coal Company, was arrested here late today on a Federal warrant charging conspiracy to defraud the government in connection with contracts of furnishing coal to army posts in Alaska. Houston was released on bonds of $2,500.

REBEL

Troops Hold State of Moreles in Mexico—Rebellion Gaining Ground.

Mexico City, Aug. 18.—The whole state of Moreles is being held by rebel troops. General Zapata, who is leading the rebellion against Madero's government, is reported as gaining ground. He has 5,000 men at Cautla.

GRAFT REVEALED IN JERSEY CAPITOL WALL

Bricks Dumped in Where Specifications Called for Solid Material.

Trenton, N. J., Aug. 18.—Part of the story of the political graft of bygone years that was not exposed by the Senate investigation of 1895, has just been brought to light by the removal of part of one of the side walls of the front wing of the state house.

The building was supposed to be of fireproof construction, the specifications calling for solid brick walls between the inner layer of terra cotta tiling and the outer surface of stone. When the stone was torn off the westerly side of the building, preparatory to the erection of an extension, there was disclosed a poor apology for the solid brick walls. In many places the bricks, instead of being laid in place, had apparently been dumped into the space betwen the stone work and tiling. Much of the brick work was not even held together by mortar.

The state house commission, composed of Governor Wilson, State Controller Edwards and Treasurer Voorhees ordered the wall to be reinforced with cement. It was feared that it might fall before the extension is completed.

ONE KILLED AND FIFTEEN INJURED IN A WRECK

Hamlet, Aug. 18.—S. A. L. train No. 40, Conductor J. C. Jones, Engineer R. N. Corby, due to leave Hamlet at 8:10 yesterday morning, was delayed four hours by a derailed coal car at Wadesboro. This was but a forerunner of later ill-luck. Four-tenths of a mile beyond Allenton, 42 miles from Wilmington, on a straight track over a small fill, the hot weather had caused the rails to buckle. After the engine and four cars had passed over, the two rear Pullman cars, the regular chair and a special Pullman from Atlanta to Wrightsville turned turtle, killing one lady and injuring fifteen passengers.

Miss Bessie Jones, of Montgomery, Ala., was in the rear sleeper. The turning car caught and killed her instantly as it fell. Mrs. J. M. Fitzpatrick, of Wetumpka, Ala., had her finger broken. All the other injuries were but slight.

Engineer R. N. Corby, of Hamlet, at the throttle never felt any tremble as his engine passed over. He reports that the track spread under the weight of the train, caused no doubt, by the high temperature and consequent expansion of the iron. The train, minus the Pullman and carrying all passengers, including the injured, kept on to Wilmington.

Official report given out at office of division superintendent at Hamlet:

Killed: Miss Bessie Jones, Montgomery, Ala. Her ticket was engraved Bessie Jones. The card found upon her remains Rachel Jones.

Injured: W. P. Morton, Portsmouth, Va., bruised.

T. B. Jacox, Tabor, N. C., bruised—chest and back.

N. D. Dinson and sister, Dinson, Ala., bruised and cut.

Mrs. J. M. Fitzpatrick, Wetumpka, Ala., finger broken.

W. W. Jones, wife, son, daughter and nurse, Wetumpka, Ala., cut and bruised.

F. A. Vernon and wife, Cussetta, Ala., bruised.

R. P. Mullens, Selma, Ala., bruised.

Dupree Honeycutt, Athens, Ga., bruised.

George Benson, Wilmington, N. C., back sprained.

J. B. Hill, Pullman conductor, back wrenched.

D. Pridgeron Porter, ankles sprained.

The remains of Miss Jones were taken in charge by a Lumberton undertaker, where they await news from her family in Montgomery, Ala.

STRIKE SITUATION IN ENGLAND IS GROWING CRITICAL

Two Hundred Thousand Railroad Men Quit—London is Almost Isolated.

London, Eng., Aug. 18.—There are strike disorders in practically every large city in England. London has been placed under martial law in an effort to prevent further disorders. There is constant rioting and destruction of property. The situation has become so serious that King George has sent a message to the cabinet, asking it to take immediate steps to settle the strike. London is almost isolated as a result.

Railway Business Disorganized.

London, Aug. 18.—This morning experienced the first taste of the International Railway strike. Railway business was disorganized. Railway stations and approaches to platforms were patrolled by military forces. Most of train schedules have been largely curtailed but none of services have been completely stopped. The companies stated that by Thursday they would maintain some service no matter how small.

Epidemic Threatens Liverpool.

Liverpool, Aug. 18.—An epidemic threatens Liverpool as a result of the strike. The streets have not been cleaned since the strike began and are in a filthy condition. The condition is regarded as serious by the health authorities. The water front is being patrolled by marines.

Two Hundred Thousand Railroad Men Out.

London, Aug. 18.—The railroad strike, which was predicted yesterday, became a reality last night when orders were issued calling for an immediate strike. The order was generally observed. It is estimated that 200,000 men are on a strike, The total strength of the union men in the employ of the railroads is about 100,000 so it is seen that a large number of fellow employees decided with the union.

Though the membership of the unions is less than one-sixth of the entire force of railway workmen, it includes the highest skilled laborers employed by the companies, and if they all keep in line, they will be able to cripple the traffic of the entire United Kingdom.

The vital question in the situation now is how large a proportion of the men will respond to the strike order. No one can answer the question or even attempt to summarize the situation today.

The government had been successful in its attempt to stave off the strike which had been set to begin at 8 o'clock yesterday morning and last night David Lloyd-George, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, stepped into the breach in the House of Commons after the day's conference at the board of trade had resulted in failure, in an endeavor further to delay the walk-out of the men and bring about an amicable settlement of the controversy.

The chancellor argued that yesterday's negotiations and Premier Asquith's offer to form a royal commission to effect a settlement of the strike had resulted in a misunderstanding on the part of the men which yet might be put straight. But the spokesmen of the railway employes refused to accept Mr. Lloyd-George's view of the situation and insisted on calling on the strike, even though the negotiations had not been definitely broken off.

Premier Asquith's proposition was to form a royal commission of three members, one from the railway companies, one from the strikers and the third, the chairman a man well-known for his impartiality. The railway com-

(Continued on Page Eight.)

DR. ATKISSON IS RELEASED ON BOND

Dr. Atkisson, the "quack" physician who for the past several weeks has been confined in the county jail awaiting trial in Superior Court on a charge of criminal assault, was released yesterday on a bond of $200. The doctor was bound over by 'Squre Kendall, and has hitherto been unable to secure bond.

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The Telegram does not accept whisky, beer or objectionable advertising.

The Telegram makes a nominal charge for Cards of Thanks, Resolutions of Respect and formal Lodge Notices.

THE ONLY SECTION IN WHICH THE NEGRO HAS A CHANCE.

The South is the only section of the United States in which the negro has a fair chance to labor and earn an honest and sufficient reward for his work. This is true today and has been true every year since the negroes of the South were given their freedom. Negroes are rarely ever mistreated in the South. The cases in which they are wilfully wronged by the white men are less numerous than the cases of white men being wilfully mistreated by their fellows. Negroes have been lynched in the South for one crime, and in rare instances for the commission of atrocious murders. They have been lynched in the North for stealing and have been killed because of the fact that they sought to work in competition with white men. No negro has ever been killed in the South, or even mistreated, because he desired to work.

Southern white men want the negroes to work, and if they are honest and energetic there is always employment for them at remunerative wages. The negroes who get into trouble in the South are the negroes who refuse to work and who get into difficulties because they are idle and mean. In the States of the far South the white men who have wealth and control the business of that section prefer negro labor to white labor and their treatment of the negroes is better than the treatment of the poor white people.

In contrast to conditions in the South we have conditions in the North and West, where there is strenuous objection on the part of the masses of the people to coming in competition with negro labor in any line. Trouble between the negroes and whites in those sections generally arises in industrial circles and the basis of it is race hatred engendered by industrial competition. An illustration of this truth was the recent lynching of a negro in Coatesville, Penn. The Columbia, South Carolina, State, holds to the same view of this matter as does The Telegram and in discussing it the State says:

"The truth about the horror at Coatesville and its significance are beginning to come out. Coatesville is in Chester county, Pennsylvania, the seat of a great iron industry, and recently the owners of the plants have introduced negro labor into them, with the excitation of a combined race and industrial prejudice as the result. Therein lies the difference between the race prejudices of the North and of the Pacific coast and that of the South. The Northern white man has the same racial objections to association with the negro that the Southerner has, but it is intensified, and inflamed when the negro, with his low standard of living and willingness to accept a cheaper wage scale becomes his competitor.

"In the South, the admission of negroes to those kinds of labor now exclusively controlled by white men and women would be met with the same angry and violent opposition which the iron workers of Coatesville and the miners of Springfield, Ill., have displayed toward them. The killing of a white police officer in Coatesville was only the occasion, or excuse, for the atrocity of last Sunday. The cause lay deeper. In California and in Vancouver, the Chinese and Japanese may be hated for their yellow skins, but they are more hated because they are ready to work for less money than the white men regard a just wage. In the South, negroes have been allowed to work from the time that they were brought to this country, as bricklayers, carpenters, joiners, farm hands, cab drivers, hostlers and in scores of other employment, by the side of white men. The whites are accustomed to it. The system is too well established for resentment to be effective. The white landlord actually prefers the negro as a laborer on the farm and the enactment of statues placing a prohibitive license on emigration agents who try to persuade negroes to leave the country is an expression of the preference. White landlords sometimes discourage endeavors to induce white farm laborers to come into the South, believing that they would demand higher wages and influence ultimately the negroes to join them in the demand.

"Northern philanthropists and newspaper and magazine editors upbraid the South continually about its treatment of the negroes, they fly into spasms of invective about Southern "peonage" but they give the negro no chance in the North. Even the negro barber and hotel waiter are not welcomed, and the negro is rigorously excluded from most of the menial occupations which he is expected to enter in the South as a matter of course. In spite of the magazine writers and the high-minded preachers, the North allows its masses of white laborers to meet the negroes with brick bats, staves, hemp and fire at the borderline. If the exodus of negroes to the North shall increase, Coatesville and Springfield lynchings will multiply. Politically, the South claims to be a white man's country, and it makes the claim good. The North, with a fanflare of trumpets, extends to its sprinkling of negroes bare and sterile political rights, but in the earning of a livelihood the North is in fact a white man's country. The educated and philanthropic North may write itself blind and preach itself hoarse, but it can not control or punish Coatesville. There are Coatesvilles everywhere and they are armed against an industrial invasion of negroes."

The oyster's fall opening is due September 1st.

If all the bishops refuse to marry Colonel Astor and Miss Force they might try a justice of the peace.

The South has a monopoly of cotton production, and it is not attended with any of the dangers of Congressional investigation.

Rochester, N. Y., girl refused to marry a man because he smoked cigarettes. However, the Beattie case proves that the average woman is still willing to wed a cigarette fiend.

The last call for vacations has been sounded. If there is anybody in South Carolina who has not visited this State during the summer, let them prepare to come at once.

Congressman Berger says this country will have a new Constitution inside of ten years. It is to be hoped in that case that we shall not have a Constitution which will follow the flag of Socialism.

Asheville claims that visiting automobiles from every Southern State are at present in that city. These combined with the number owned in Asheville ought to give that place a number of automobiles equal to the number owned in Greensboro.

Senator O'Gorman, who has not been there long, says he is tired of the United States Senate. Senator O'Gorman tired quickly but he cannot possibly be more tired of the Senate than the vast majority of his fellow citizens of the United States.

Says the Philadelphia Record:

"Senator Bacon is opposed to the recall of judges, 'and yet,' he says, 'I voted for the Statehood bill because I am of the opinion that we had no right to keep the people of Arizona from having the recall if they want it.' If the President had asserted that the objectionable paragraph of the Arizona Constitution was violative of the Federal Constitution in that it established a government unrepublican in form, his argument in support of the veto would have been unanswerable; but he stopped short of this logical conclusion. If the provision is not repugnant to the fundamental principles of republican government the position of Senator Bacon and those who voted with him was the only correct one to assume."

NEWSPAPER OPINION.

Of all the brutal lynchings that have ever disgraced the United States not one has been more barbarous and revolting than that last week in the great State of Pennsylvania. It would seem that no savages could have been more brutal than those men who carried a wounded negro from a hospital and publicly burned him to death. If such a crime had been perpetrated in the South all the Northern papers would have been denouncing it as a proof of our barbarism. It seems peculiarly strange and surprising that this inhuman treatment of a wounded negro should have taken place in a State that gives the largest Republican majority of all the States in the Union.—Chatham Record.

A splendid object lesson is furnished other towns and cities of the State by the town of Hickory. Recently the progressive people of that town raised a fund of $200,000 to guarantee the establishment of industrial enterprises, and the scheme has worked admirably. We are told that already the town has secured a carriage and buggy factory, an overall factory, a filing cabinet factory, a chair factory, a bridge and steel structural plant, and others of the same sort, which means that Hickory is destined to become a great manufacturing center. And it all came about simply by the people determining to help themselves and not waiting for outside capital to come in and do it all. Outside capital will come, no doubt, but it must be met half way.—Mt. Olive Tribune.

We regret to see some of our brethren of the press knocking the Back Home Movement. It is true that considerable hot air has been handed out in connection with the movement, but it is also a fact that the South is getting a vast amount of valuable advertising. People are looking this way who never before dreamed that the South held anything of promise. Our land will not be flooded with emigrants at once, but "Rome was not founded in a day."—Hickory Times-Mercury.

Raleigh claims to be wide awake. Maybe Gabriel will be able to do the trick for Greensboro.—Winston Journal.

Judge Clark Explicit.

There is one point about Judge Walter Clark's candidacy for the United States Senate—he is very explicit as to his platform. We have received the following copy of it and it embodies in plain language things he believes in:

1. Adequate and unequivocal legislation that will destroy the Trusts.
2. Tariff for revenue only. Protection levies tribute, in favor of a class, upon all other classes. It is unjust and undemocratic.
3. Election of United States Senators and United States judges by the people.
4. Election of postmasters by the people in each locality.
4. He also favors putting Confederate soldiers on United States pension list, not only in justice to them, but to stop the financial drain from the South, which has already paid to Federal pensioners more than the war indemnity (1,000 millions of dollars) which France paid to Germany.
6. A parcels post, especially for the country districts.
7. Public regulation of railroads and other common carriers but operation of the telegraph and telephones by post-office, as in all other countries. This will give lower rates to the public, with shorter hours and better pay to employes.
8. He also advocates the destruction of corrupt methods by strict restriction of the purposes and amounts for which candidates, or others for them, can expend money at elections and in primaries, and full publicity of all such expenses before and after each primary and election.
9. State-wide primaries for United States Senators and all State officers.
10. The adoption of the initiative, the referendum, and the recall—the latter for such officers, State, county or town, as may be designated by law.
11. Extension of public schools and good roads.
12. Enforcement of laws regulating hours of labor, prohibiting child labor and requiring safety appliances.
13. Execution in good faith after election of all pledges made before.—High Point Enterprise.

Bryan at Harmon's Home.

William J. Bryan was greeted by an audience of 15,000 people when he made an address at Columbus, Ohio, under the auspices of the Jefferson Club of that city. Some things he said indicate why he is so unpopular with certain classes and so popular with the masses.

"I am going to give the party all the information I possess about the prospective candidates," said Mr. Bryan; and he will do it. It is this habit of his, of speaking out in meeting, that has made Mr. Bryan so cordially hated and feared by the politicians of his party. He is not and never has been the "silent one." His has never been a policy of evasion or excuse. He never learned the "gum-shoe" method, and never tried to "pussy-foot" it to victory. He has invariably taken the people into his confidence and made his final appeal to them. The people have confidence in him and in his sincerity and honesty. For this reason, and though hostile politicians and press have for years been seeking to discredit him, the people still believe in him and no man in the party can today command the popular following of William J. Bryan.

Said he, again, "I intend to devote my life to driving plutocracy from the throne and putting the rights of man in the seat." He is honest in his purpose. He has been consistently the foe of the special interests for many years. Discounted at the beginning as an enthusiast, a visionary, a fanatic, whose incendiary utterances threatened to disturb if not destroy business stability and general prosperity, he has seen the nation come through unfortunate experience, to a recognition of the evils he denounced; and he has the satisfaction of watching public opinion force a reluctant Congress to investigation and legislation in the hope of relieving the situation. That is why the great corporate and financial interests of the country have thrown their influence and contributed their funds for his defeat. But this also explains the reason why Mr. Bryan in defeat pelled about a million more votes than any other Democratic candidate for the Presidency.

Confidential relations with the people is so foreign to the program of the average politician, and the exposure of evil so fatal to the operations of great trusts that it is not surprising that neither the politicians nor the interests should feel much admiration or affection for him. But the fact that he has dealt so frankly and so fairly with the people is the reason that he holds today a tremendous following among the masses. It is remarkable that such influence, aided by the continual nagging of a hostile press, should have accomplished so little in alienating the affections of the people from him.

Mr. Bryan has made mistakes in policy and in his estimate of men. But he has never committed the crime of concealment or deception. The people can forgive the mistakes of a sincere man far easier than they will forget the schemes of self-seeking politicians. So lies the explanation of his continued popularity. The reports of the address say that from hundreds of throats came the cry, "Bryan, Bryan Again!" We do not think that Mr. Bryan should offer himself again as the Democratic candidate, nor have we any idea that he will do so, but there is no doubt that he will continue his active interest in the people's welfare and his earnest fight in their behalf.—Richmond Virginian.

THE LARGEST APPLE TREE.

North Carolina Has the Largest in the United States, Perhaps in the World and it is in Wilkes County.

North Carolina keeps emphasizing that its place is at the head of the procession and once again it scores as carrying the banner.

This time it is in having the largest apple tree in the United States, and it is an apple tree of immense proportions. It is on the land of W. G. Smoot, near Trap Hill, in Wilkes county, and is owned by J. B. Horton of Elkin, and H. W. Horton of North Wilkesboro. The shown record shows that the treee is 16 feet, 5 inches in circumference at the ground, and 12 feet 6 inches just belof the first limb, making it 5 feet 5 inches in diameter at the ground and 4 feet 2 inches at the first limb, which is 8 feet above the ground.

It was a large tree ninety years ago, and it is known to be over a hundred years old, and it may be a hundred and fifty. It bears apples right along, the variety unknown, the people of that section calling it the "Rich Apple," because the color is rich, yellow-red striped and the flavor rich. The fruit matures in September and keeps until late fall and is of medium size.

Pictures of the big, old apple tree have been sent the Department of Agriculture, and men shown in the picture standing by it look of the size of small boys. Not alone is this big tree declared to be the largest apple tree in the United States, but it is believed to be the largest in the world. If cut, the stump would give room for several men to stand on it at one time and if it was hollow and lying down an ordinary cow could walk through its length and not touch her back or sides.—Concord Tribune.

WEIRD NATIVE WELCOMES.

Reception of the First White Woman Who Visited Ashanti Villages.

The first white woman to reach the far hinterland of West Africa alone and unaided by any member of her own race is the English novelist, Mary Gaunt. Word of her adventurous journey through tropical wilderness and jungle has just reached London in the form of a long personal letter from Miss Gaunt to her solicitor, Mr. Laurie.

The letter was dated at a point five days' journey beyond Kumassi, the last outpost of civilization, where no white woman had ever before ventured. The excitement along the route proved a source of great amusement to Miss Gaunt, as well as of some uneasiness. At every village vast crowds of natives were assembled to see the strange woman with the white face and wonderful dress.

As she neared the entrance to a village the chiefs and their body guard would come out to receive her in state, with umbrellas twirling, tomtoms beating and long guns popping a royal salute. A bevy of women then rushed forward bearing gifts of fowls, bananas, yams, eggs and huge long-horned sheep. These were presented with a weird ceremonial, while the chiefs smiled and the populace yelled and shouted a vociferous welcome.

Then came a moment of embarrassed hesitation, while the chiefs consulted in lively fashion together. At last the head chief marched solemnly up to his fair-skinned visitor and salaamed three times beneath the royal umbrella, always held over him by two stalwart bearers, after which was delivered a sonorous speech which was qquickly interpreted into an humble repuest from the lord of the jungle that his people "might look."

Of course they might. Such a courteous way of presenting the request could not be denied. Arrangements were qquickly made for a formal reception, at which all the men and women of the village filed past and stared wonderingly as they salaamed low to the strange woman with the white face and hands who swathed her graceful form in so much unnecessary clothing.

"My carriers," writes Miss Gaunt in conclusion, "are awfully pleased that I am a person of such importance, though I am not qquite so pleased myself in one way. You see if the chief happens to be particularly hospitable it sometimes costs me at least £1 for biscuits, which the women and children consume ravenously. Still, as I am the first white women here I am prepared to pay for my importance."

Miss Gaunt was in splendid health at the time of writing, and so interested in her surroundings that the date of her return to civilization was indefinite.—London Standard.

ROADLESS RUSSIA.

Government Scheme For A System of Highways.

Russia is a roadless land. It is inconceivable to the foreign visitor who has ever left the beaten track of the railways in Russia how a great empire can have subsisted so long and so successful amid the competition of the rival States beyond its borders without even a pretense at roads.

The secret, of course, lies in the fact that for five or six months in the year nature herself provides roads over the greater part of the expanse of All the Russias, admirable smooth, glassy roadways, over hard-worn snow. The traffic is further cheapened over these roads by the substitution of a sledge runner for the wheel and axle. This brings the cost of land carriage as near the cheapness of water borne freight as possible, and it is the principal reason why Russia,in the twentieth century is still a roadless land.

There are some 44,000 miles of railway in Russia, and not one-third that figure of paved roads! The roads are even more markedly than the railways, which of late have begun to consider economic and commercial needs, strategic roads from the centre to the confines of the empire. It is the intention of the Council of Ministers to set about remedying this defect, and it is hoped to remove it within the next decade. A beginning is to be made with European Russia only leaving all Siberia, Central Asia, etc., for later. The proportion of lineal miles of road to square miles of territory, according to the proposals before the Council of Ministers, is to be as one to ten. In France the proportion is one to one, and in the worst provided European country it is not less than one to eight. Therefore Russia is aiming at much less than other countries already have, and for the most part have had for many centuries.

To make in ten years the 165,000 miles of roads required is one of those gigantic measures of reform comparable only to the agrarian settlement scheme on which the present government of Russia is steadily engaged. The money cost of constructing for European Russia alone sufficient roads to provide one lineal mile to ten square miles of country is estimated at little under two hundred millines sterling, a sum far beyond the capacity of Russia to provide for this purpose in money. But if Russia has not the money she undoubtedly has the men, and these have nowadays plenty of spare time, holidays, etc., so that the eminently practical plan of the Council Ministers is to get these roads made in the course of the next decade by requiring local labor and resources to give up so much otherwise wasted time to the task, materials being supplied where not found on the spot.

It is roughly estimated that not more than half a week a year from every man and horse in rural Russia would provide sufficient labor to complete the scheme without unduly burdening any individual or class.—London Standard.

BUSINESS TELEGRAMS

Your next classified ad may make the "work-quest" seem like a simple matter after all.

Your next classified ad may make you forget your apprehension of "difficulty" in selling that real estate.

Your next classified ad, repeated a few times, if that should be necessary, should find the sort of tenant you've been looking for.

Your next classified ad will, doubtless, save you the trouble of worrying about that vacant room in your house.

Your next classified ad will probably sell that used article for its cash value.

Your next classified ad should bring apartment seekers to look over the one you have to rent—promptly.

Your next classified ad may serve as your introduction to a better job.

Your next classified ad may find the investor who could match your plan with capital.

Your next classified ad should obviate delays in securing the new tenant.

THE PEOPLE ALL

In Chorus Cried, Give Us Newbro's Herpicide.

This word of late has been in every one's mouth, and many are wondering what the word signifies, though no one has yet been found, who will deny that NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE does the work. Well, for the information of thousands of people who like to know all about a good thing, we would say that HERPICIDE means, a destroyer or killer of "Herpes." Now "Herpes" is the family name of a disease caused by various vegetable parasites. A similar microbe causes dandruff, itching scalp, and falling hair; this is the microbe that NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE promptly destroys; after which the hair grows. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

One dollar bottles guaranteed.

Fariss-Klutz Drug Co., and Greensboro Drug Co., Special Agents.

FOR GOOD BRICK
See
LIBERTY BRICK CO.
Liberty, N. C.

DON'T DELAY
ORDER COAL
NOW
The Greensboro Ice & Coal Co.

Candy of Quality
"Quality Chocolates"
Pure, Fresh and Sweet
Candies Fresh From the Factory
60c lb.
—AT—
GARDNER'S
DRUG STORE

Drink Mt. Vernon Springs Mineral Water and be Healthy
5 Gallon Bottles for $1.00
FORDHAM'S DRUG STORE
514 South Elm St. C. C. Fordham, Prop.

Greensboro Commercial School
GREENSBORO, N. C.

Opens the way for you to secure a good position as soon as you are ready for it. Don't put off the preparation until some more convenient time. Make up your mind to enter our school at the opening of the Fall Term, September 5, 1911, and get your education in Shorthand, Bookkeeping, and the Commercial Branches while you are young. Day and night school until June, 1912. Literature sent upon request.

The Commercial National Bank
Greensboro, N. C.
Capital and Undivided Profits, $220,000.00
F. B. RICKS, President. F. C. BOYLES, Cashier.
E. J. Stafford, Vice President. I. F. PEEBLES, Asst. Cashier.
We solicit accounts from individuals, firms and corporations, issue Certificates of Deposit and sell Foreign Exchange.
4 Per Cent. Paid on Savings Deposits.

A Young Man With $500.00

Wanted to go into business—but the particular business he had in mind required $1,500. It was easy for him to raise the other thousand dollars when he showed by his bank book that he had a definite plan of saving part of his income every week. Men with money are not afraid to lend to young fellows of that sort.

Plan to save something every week—if it's only a dollar.

With Capital of $300,000.00 and Resources of $1,350,000.00, conservatively managed by men of known integrity and ability, this bank is one of the strongest in the State.

The 4 per cent interest we pay, compounded 4 times a year, makes your money GROW.

American Exchange Bank
CAPITAL ..... $300,000.00.
R. G. VAUGHN, President. J. W. SCOTT, Vice-President.
F. H. NICHOLSON, Asst. Cashier.

ROOSEVELT COLLECTION OF ANIMALS BEING MOUNTED

Chief Taxidermist of Smithsonian Institution is in Charge of Work—When Completed Collection Will be Among Most Notable in the World.

Special to Telegram.

(By VICTOR ELLIOTT.)

Washington, Aug. 18.—In accordance with the desire of former President Theodore Roosevelt, expressed when he was in Washington on his last visit, Smithsonian Institute attaches have begun to mount the specimens of animals, reptiles, etc., secured on his African hunt.

President Roosevelt in a public speech here said there should be no delay in mounting the specimens, and people unfamiliar with the difficulty attending the work have probably sided with others who have become impatient at the long delay in mounting the "trophies" of the Roosevelt hunt, and displaying them to the public gaze in the spacious rooms of the Institute.

It requires but a step into the workshop of George B. Turner, chief taxidermist of the Smithsonian Institution, to show that taxidermy, like other arts, is not accomplished in a short space of time. Mr. Turner is regarded as a past master of the art of taxidermy, and the work he is doing probably will make him among the best known taxidermists in the United States, with a reputation that will overlap the world, because the Roosevelt Collection has now become world famous.

Turner has been in the Smithsonian Institution nearly twelve years. Previous to accepting the position here he had a similar position with the Milwaukee Museum. He has been out in the field with numerous expeditions that required him to take care of skins taken from birds, beasts and reptiles slaughtered "for the advancement of science."

According to Turner, taxidermy long ago ceased to be a mere stuffing of bird, beast and reptile skins with salt, sand, or sawdust. It has become a science to which art lends a hand.

Mr. Turner who has charge of mounting the Roosevelt skins, has invented a plaster model, taking the place of the sawdust stuffing, over which the skin of the animal is strentched. This model calls for an intimate knowledge of the animal, and it must be of exact size in order that the skin will fit perfectly.

It is in the making of this model that art and science join hands. Each skin to be mounted, as for example that of a giraffe, is carefully measured so that the proportions and size of the owner in real life can be ascertained as accurately as possible. Where it is feasible, a life member of the same species is measured so that the estimation of proportions can be made more closely. Then a model, one-eighth size, is made of plaster composition.

It is from that one-eighth sized model that the real work of mounting is done. From it a life-size model in clay is made, and from that casts are made of the body, head, and legs. The plaster of paris of which these casts are made is given extra strength by wire netting. Only the legs and head are solid, the remainder being hollow, so that the completed cast is light in weight.

When animals are skinned for the purpose of having their skins mounted, there is practically but one cut made, a long under slit. The only other cuts are made under the hoofs to prevent the tearing of the pelts. For that reason it is necessary to make the casts of the head and legs separately from that of the body. The legs are inserted into the skin first, then the head, and then the skin is worked over the body. The placing of the animal upon a pedestal is the next step, and it is here that the taxidermist can display taste and originality.

In one of the Roosevelt groups, not yet completed, but so far progressed as to give an impression as to how it will loook when set up in the Smithsonian for the critical gaze of the visitor, is a group composed of lions and zebras. Two lion cubs are playing upon the ground, and three adult lions are nearby. As the group lay in Mr. Turner's shop they were mere pieces of plaster. He has made a model for the grouping that will show to the spectator the actual scenes of life. A stream has gone dry and it is only in infrequent puddles of water that the beasts can quench their thirst. Zebras have pawed holes in which the water has collected. The lions have surprised and put them to flight, and taken possession of the water. The male lion is looking into the distance as if at the fleeing zebras. Another is looking with him, and a lioness is lapping the stream while the cubs are rolling on the ground.

The making of such groups requires patience and much time, but the work has gone forward with expedition. The Roosevelt display is expected to be among the most notable in the institution.

When the Smithsonian Institution finally places the whole collection on view, it is expected that it will attract the widespread attention of thousands of visitors, and create a great deal of interest in scientific circles abroad.

Hay's Hair Health

Restores color to Gray or Faded hair—Removes Dandruff and invigorates the Scalp—Promotes a luxuriant, healthy hair growth—Stops its falling out. Is not a dye.

$1.00 and 50c. at Drug Stores or direct upon receipt of price and dealer's name. Send 10c. for sample bottle.—Philo Hay Specialties Co., Newark, N. J., U. S. A.

Hay's Harlina Soap is unequaled for Shampooing the hair and keeping the Scalp clean and healthy, also for red, rough chapped hands and face. 25c. at Druggists.

REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES

Sold by Grissom Drug Co.
FARISS-KLUTZ DRUG CO.
GREENSBORO DRUG CO.

Beautiful Queen of Spain and Her Three Handsome Children

QUEEN VICTORIA of Spain, one of the handsomest of the royal women of Europe, and her three handsome children are shown above. Her eldest son, the Prince of the Asturias and heir to the throne, is a fine, sturdy chap, but the second son, Prince Jaime, who is on her right, is not so fortunate. He was born July 22, 1908, and should have begun talking some time ago, but he has failed to develop speech, and now the doctors say that he is deaf. He is under the care of several experts, and the hope is held out that an operation will relieve him and cure his ailment. Princess Beatrice is a year and a day younger than Prince Jaime. Queen Victoria is a daughter of the youngest daughter of Queen Victoria of England.

CLOTHES PHILOSOPHY

Summer Thougths on Men's Garments of the Present Day.

During the long spell of magnificent weather that has been such a notable feature of this coronation year the question of how to dress comfortably must often have perplexed the professional man confined to city life and therefore to some extent forced to observe the conventions. Of late years there has certainly been a far less rigid adherence to these conventions than, say, 20 or 30 years ago, but the legal and medical professions at any rate have been on the whole conservative in this respect. With regard to headgear the ordinary silk hat of the town dweller has long been criticised; but it must be admitted that in spite of many attempts to displace it in popular favor it remains the sine qquo non for certain society functions, though not now so indispensible for many others where a short time ago it was quite compulsory. We do not understand why the white tall hat has fallen out of use; it was lighter to wear, cooler to look at, and so long as there was no black band to suggest that the wearer was in mourning for the last remnants of his respectability, its appearance was cheerful.

Straw hats, that now form so large a prportion of the summer headgear of our town population, are certainly cool and light, the soft Panama variety looks more comfortable, but not only is i much more expensive but from a medical point of view it has a drawback. Whatever type of hat is worn the lining sheuld be soft and elastic, so that there is no constriction anywhere around the brow; yet the Panama offers so large a surface of attack for sudden wind that it must be tight to the forehead. The air space above the head should be ventilated. Air itself is a bad conductor of heat, and if a deep layer of air is interposed between the head and the head covering this forms the best protection against the effects of sun, provided, o course, that the air layer is kept cool by free ventilation.

Although the tall hat to some extent retains its vogue, the double-breasted frock coat has almost disappeared for daily use, but we still seem to cling to funeral black as the appropriate hue for city life. Our climate is so variable that we cannot always assume that a fine warm morning will be followed by a hot day; therefore we cannot always at the beginning of the day dress appropriately for the ensuing eight hours or so. Woolen stuffs for material, and a loose fit, will secure comfort, and protection from extremes both of heat and cold. Light-colored garments are naturally cooler than dark ones, as they reflect instead of absorb the sun's rays; but a permeable texture is of much more importance than color; it is necessary for health and comfort that free passage should be allowed for evaporation from the skin, inasmuch as this is the most effective physiological means of cooling the body. Dwellers in tropical countries generally wear white cotton clothing, very light in texture, being careful, however, to protect the head from the sun's direct rays by some form of turban, and the abdomen from chill by several folds of material, forming a cummerbund. With our variable climate we must be cautious, even in the hottest weather, how far we imitate the habits of people whose weather is so settled one way or another as to afford no topic for conversation.

The male garments of the present day, save where a ceremonial occasion or a professional convention alters the circumstances, are loose in texture, not tightly fitting, and not necessarily dark in color. They are hygienically reasonable and practically well adapted for the requirements of ordinary life, and we rejoice in the emancipation from actual discomfort that is implied in them for many of our readers.—London Lancet.

LACK OF HAT CATCHES BOY.

Bareheaded Youngster Said to Have Stolen Grandfather's Cash.

Trenton, N. J., Aug. 18.—George McGinnis, aged 11 years, of Darby, Pa., was arrested on the streets here early this morning because he had neither hat nor coat, but had $94.65 in his pockets. Put through an examination, he is said to have admitted to the police that he had taken his grandfather's pocketbook containing the money and had started out to see the world without waiting for his hat. He is being held by the police.

It isn't always politeness that influences a man to bow to the inevitable.

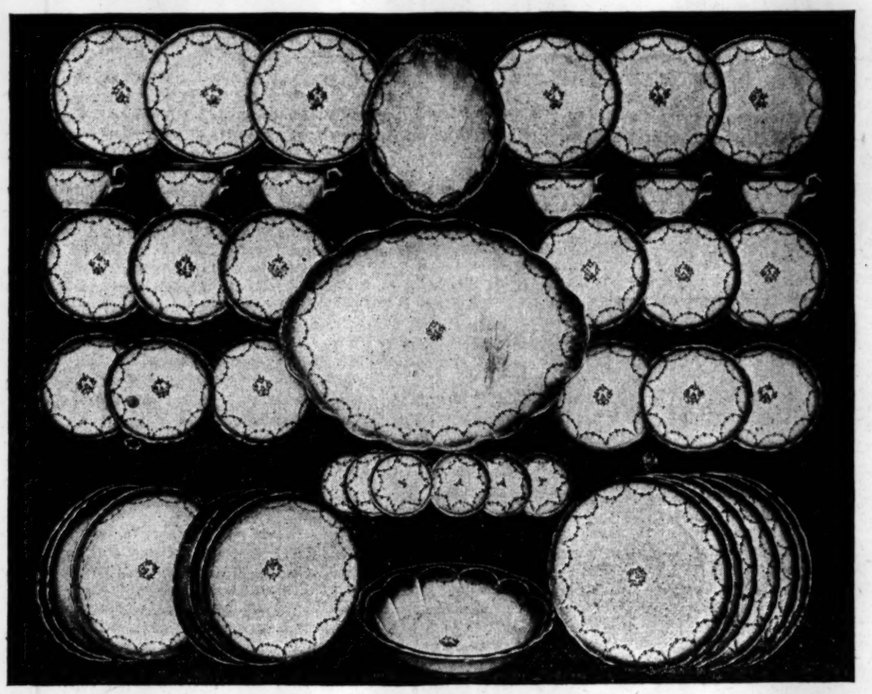
Have You Business To Transact With Someone Who Is Personally Unknown To You?

Must you find a buyer for your property promptly—and yet do you realize that at this moment he is wholly unknown to you—that he is an utter stranger, unnamed and unlocated?

Prompt and persistent want advertising will bring him to you—unfailingly!

45-Piece Blue and Gold Dinner Sets Are Ready For Delivery

The Telegram has received the first shipment of Dinner Sets. They are ready for delivery. Many persons are getting them. The first lot will soon be gone. If you want to be among the first to get a Dinner Set, come at once.



The Telegram's elegant 45-Piece Blue and Gold Decorated Dinner Set is made exclusively for newspapers and cannot be obtained in this city or county except through The Telegram. This is beautiful and durable French Porcelain ware, and is furnished Telegram readers at the bare wholesale cost.

Every Lady Who Has Examined the Ware Has Pronounced It Fine and Worth Double the Money This Paper Gets For It

Want Ad Department

Want Ads are the Connecting Link between Buyer and Seller, and When Printed in The Telegram they Get Results.

SPECIAL WANT AD OPPORTUNITY

To give everybody a chance to test the pulling power of Telegram Want Ads this offer is made, good for ONE MONTH, or until September 1st:

Three Insertions of Want Ads for the price of Two Insertions.

Bring on your copy and give Telegram Want Ads an opportunity to "make good."

Regular rate for Want Ads is One Cent per Word for Each Insertion. Everybody gets 'em for ONE MONTH on the basis of Three Insertions for the Price of Two.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

SATURDAY IS LAST DAY OF Townsend's Variety Store's Closing out Sale. Store closes Monday morning. Great Bargains for every one that comes. Ladies' fine shoes and boys' clothing at half price. Aug. 18, 1t.

ANY OF YOUR PLANS DYING THAT ought to live? Does the seeming difficulty of "accomplishing things without money" scare some of your best ideas and plans to death? Well, a really feasible and logical new idea, plan or project may be financed—if you will have a little patience with your want advertising campaign, and really carry it out. tf

SPECIAL SALE ON EVERYTHING, Saturday only, at Townsend's Variety Store. Aug. 18, 1t

BIG ONE-HALF PRICE SALE AT HARman's Jewelry Store Saturday and Monday, August 19th and 21st. Everything to be sold at 1-2 price except belt buckles. 8-17, 18, 19-3t

SATURDAY, AUGUST 19TH, LAST day Great Bargains for everyone that comes to Townsend's Variety Store. Aug. 18, 1t.

TO WANT ADVERTISE IS NOT "TOO much trouble"—if the quest is of the smallest importance.

REPAIRING, CLEANING AND PRESSing as good as the best. Prompt service. Economy Pressing Club. Aug. 15, 5t.

WHEN YOU WANT WOOD 'PHONE 1404. W. F. Clarida. Aug. 12, tf

INVEST A LITTLE TIME IN WANT ad answering—and the "small change" necessary for traveling expenses in getting about the city. The investment may turn out to be the most profitable one of your life. tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—IDEAL 5-ROOM COTTAGE all modern conveniences, close in. T. J. Penn, 'Phone 783. 8-18-1t

FOR RENT—SEPTEMBER 1, COTtage with all modern improvements; $12.50 per month. Mrs. Stewart, 919 Carr street. Aug. 16, 3t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—15½ ACRES LAND, 7-room house and outbuildings, just outside city limits, near Guilford College road. Apply to John W. Rogers, Greensboro, R. F. D. No. 7. Aug. 18, 3t*

FOR SALE—JOHN HART'S FARM will be sold at court house at Greensboro, Saturday, August 19th, at 12 o'clock. One hundred acres, in Rock Creek township, one mile south of wood siding; lot pine timber; new road to be graded through place; fine tobacco and cotton land; worth $2,000. Aug. 17, 3t*

FOR SALE—HOT AIR HEATING plant. Will make close price for quick sale. E. R. Wharton, 324 South Elm street. Aug. 16, 4t.

Houses For Rent!

Four 6-room brick tenements or flats, with all modern conveniences, on Lyndon street. Close to school, church and market. Rent is extremely cheap.

BROWN
Real Estate Comp'y.
109 E. Market St.

Greensboro Female College

Founded in 1838. Ideal home school for girls, with a distinctive Christian atmosphere. Limited number of students with small classes. Four years of collegiate work leading to A. B. degree. Beautiful location with unsurpassed health record. Students admitted on certificate from accredited High Schools. High standards and individual instruction.

For catalog, address
MRS. LUCY H. ROBERTSON, President
Greensboro, N. C.

THERE'S Probably a Classified Ad in this Issue That's of Even More Importance to You Than to the Advertiser Himself!

Can't you conceive how this may be true?

Suppose it's an ad offering employment that would be both congenial and profitable to you—or an ad of a place to live where life would be twice as good and livable to you as where you are now "passing" it—or a real estate ad, affording an undeniable profit-opportunity to an investor who has real estate "gumption"—or an ad through which that nearly-satisfactory servant is at last found! Would not ads of these sorts be of really greater importance to you than to the people who wrote them and paid for having them published in this paper?

ANNUAL LOW RATE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY, N, J., TUESDAY, AUGUST 22, 1911.

Via Southern Railway and Pennsylvania Railroad.

Special train will leave Greensboro, N. C., at 10:25 p. m. Aug. 22 and arrive Atlantic City about noon Aug. 23. Train will consist of Pullman sleeping cars and day coaches. Those desiring Pullman accommodations can secure same by making reservation in advance. Tickets going are good only on Special train, and good returning on any regular train within the fifteen days which is final limit of tickets. Stopovers are permitted on return trip at Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington within the final limit.

Passengers from Branch line points can use regular trains into Greensboro connecting with special train from that point. Following round trip rates will apply from stations named:

Greensboro, N. C.	$11.00
Kernersville, N. C.	12.00
Liberty, N. C.	11.50
Mt. Airy, N. C.	12.50
Madison, N. C.	12.00
North Wilkesboro, N. C.	13.00
Pilot Mountain, N. C.	12.50
Reidsville, N. C.	10.50
Sanford, N. C.	11.50
Siler City, N. C.	11.50
Walnut Cove, N. C.	12.00
Winston-Salem, N. C.	12.00

For Pullman reservations, rates from other points, apply to any Ticket Agent, Southern Railway, or write,

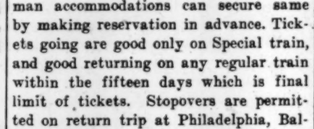
W. H. McGLAMERY,
Passenger and Ticket Agent,
Greensboro, N. C.

R. H. DEBUTTS,
Traveling Passenger Agt.
Charlotte, N. C.

Suburban Residence With Acre Lot FOR SALE

Situated on the electric car line between the State Normal College and Lindley Park, a splendid seven-room residence, good as new. Lot 142 feet by 331 feet. Well improved with fruit, berries, grapes and garden. An ideal suburban home. For sale at a bargain.

Southern Real Estate Co.
Greensboro, N. C.
112 E. Market. Phone 829.



LAST POPULAR EXCURSION OF THE SEASON TO ASHEVILLE, N. C. AUGUST 22, 1911.

Southern Railway announces the last popular excursion of the season to Asheville, N. C., and return leaving Greensboro on train No. 21 at 12:30 noon Tuesday, August 22, 1911.

Low round trip fare of $4.75 will apply from Greensboro and proportionately low rates from other branch and main line stations. Ticket returning will be good on any regular train leaving Asheville up to and including Friday, Aug. 25th.

For any further information concerning this very attractive outing see Southern's nearest agent, or address

W. H. McGlamery, P. & T. A.,
Grensboro, N. C.
J. O. Jones, Trav. Pass. Agt.,
Raleigh, N. C.
Aug. 10, 11t.

A man may feel that he is as regular as clockwork when he lives on tick.

GET IT AT HAGAN'S. 8-12tf.

DAILY MARKET REPORTS

GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.
Local Wholesale Prices, changed daily

Wheat, per bu	95@95
Corn, per bu.	.92½
Oats, per bu	58@60
Hay, No. 1, Timothy, per ton	$30.00
Hay, No. 2, Timothy, per ton	28.00
Bran, per ton	30.00
Shipstuff, per ton	34.00
Cotton Seed Meal, per ton	31.00

LIVERPOOL CLOSE.

Aug.	6.37½
Aug.-Sept.	6.28
Sept.-Oct.	6.07½
Oct.-Nov.	6.02
Nov.-Dec.	5.95½
Dec.-Jan.	5.97
Jan.-Feb.	5.97½
Feb.-March	5.99
March-April	6.00
April-May	6.01
May-June	6.01
June-July	6.02½

Quiet bu steady.

NEW YORK COTTON CLOSE.

August	12.31
September	11.38
October	11.33
December	11.40
January	11.35
March	11.44
May	11.53

Miss Giles Report.

New Orleans, Aug. 18.—Miss Giles makes condition of Aug. 12 83 as compared with 90.5 two weeks ago, 88 one month ago and 73.2 last year.

SOMETHING IN A "POP" NAME

Druggist Changes Label Every Month and Sales Mount Up.

Baltimore, Aug. 18.—"Unless you have plenty of money to back up and maintain an advertising campaign, it is foolish to put a new drink on the market and retain the same name of the article all the time," said a West Baltimore druggist the other day, when questioned about a new "soft drink" he manufactures.

This druggist changes the name of his drink on the first day of each month. He put on a label bearing the name of the month; that is, if it is July 1, it receives the name of "July" and is known by that name until August 1, when it again changes.

"You would be surprised at the sales after I put on my new label. There is only one way to succeed in this 'soft drink' business, and that is to give the public a change, as they are always looking for something new."

Winston Opposed to Nugent.

The following is from this morning's Winston Journal:

Umpire Nugent came here for this series in the face of the protest of the management of the Twins against his umpiring here, or elsewhere, any game in which the Twins were playing. The Charlotte management, it is understood, has also protested against Nugent's sitin judgment on their contests. He has not been sent to Charlotte since the day he was mobbed by fans to a number estimated at 500. It was thought by the management that the league officials would not again send Nugent to Winston-Salem.

The management objects to Nugent on what they think just grounds. He has dismissed Manager Clancy from three games this year. Mr. Clancy has had no trouble with any other umpire in the league and is known to be a gentleman. It is natural for Mr. Clancy and the directors of the league not to want Nugent to umpire games in which their team plays. They do not think that he gives them a square deal.

Nugent was not needed here. Umpire Wilkinson came here for the game, an arrangement satisfactory to the managers of both teams playing the series. The game had not gone far until Manager Clancy for no apparent reason was benched, and when he protested against this action—in a gentlemanly manner—was sent from the park.

The question that asks itself is, what was Nugent sent here for? And when will be be called from our midst?

Important Announcement of Improved Service on the Southern Railway.

Effective with the first car leaving Washington, D. C., Friday, Aug. 18, and first car leaving Spartanburg, S. C., Saturday, August 19th, Southern Railway will establish Pullman Parlor car line between Washington and Spartanburg on trains Nos. 35 and 36 same, to be operated daily.

This new parlor car line will afford greatly improved service and should prove a great convenience to the traveling public. For further information, see nearest Ticket Agent, or address.

W. H. McGLAMERY, P. & T. A.,
Greensboro, N. C.
Aug. 17, 5t.

GOING AWAY FOR THE SUMMER?
Let The Telegram follow you and know what is going on at home and abroad. tf.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Eastern belt—Local showers.
Louisiana—Generally cloudy; showers.
Arkansas—Unsettled; showers.
Oklahoma—Unsettled.
East Texas—Unsettled; showers in extreme east.
West Texas—Generally fair.

CHARGES OF HER HUSBAND DENIED BY MRS. FLEMING

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, Aug. 18.—The feature of the hearing before Chief Justice Clark today in the Fleming case for the possession of their children was the testimony of Mrs. Fleming in her own behalf. She related the story of her married life, insisting that she had been both faithful and patient to her husband and his faults. She recited the incidents her husband charged as misconduct with men and insisted there was no wrong intent. John Winder, Jr., had long ago promised not to join her when she was alone because of Fleming's suspicions and he had agreed to this and on occasions since then her husband and Winder were drinking and joking together.

Mrs. Fleming's sister, Miss Crouch, of Washington, told of Fleming having thrown his wife out of the house bodily when he was having trouble about nailing down windows and she went to the Briggs home, Fleming was drunk. The petitioners father, H. E. Crouch, Washington, in the treasury division of the postoffice department 24 years, testified as to the John Winder, Jr., matter that Fleming agreed to drop the matter for all time a year ago.

Percy B. Fleming completed testimony of infelicities with Mrs. Fleming. His father-in-law, H. E. Crouch, of Washington, had taken care of him one night when he was very drunk. He had told Crouch some time ago that for the sake of the children and "love he bore the little woman" he would live with her again. Dr. W. C. Ashworth, of Greensboro, was introduced to prove Fleming's nervous troubles but was ruled out.

WINSTON CHAUFFEURS MUST HAVE LICENSE.

Winston, Aug. 18.—That the public may be protected against reckless and inexperienced drivers of automobiles on the streets of the city the board of aldermen of Winston in special session last night so amended the present ordinance regulating this matter that no one can hereafter drive a machine without first having license to act in the capacity of a chauffeur, these to cost $1 to be granted by the city authorities only upon a petition for the same which shall be accompanied by a certificate from two expert chauffeurs, residing in the city, to the effect that the applicant is fully capable of operating a machine.

This action was taken because of the fact that heretofore, while licenses have been required before an owner was allowed to operate an automobile, yet the owner, under the old ordinance, has been allowed to employ any one he chose to drive his machine under the license secured by himself. Hence under one license many different people have been permitted to operate.

By the amended ordinance every time an owner changes chauffeurs he must secure another license unless he employs another cahuffeur already holding license. Also under the amended ordinance any one 16 years of age or older may secure license as a chauffeur. Formerly the age limit was 18 years.

Under the amended ordinance for the first breach of the regulation a fine of $25 will be imposed. For the second offense a fine of $50 will be imposed and for the third offense license will be revoked.

Other amendments were made in order to assure the enforcement of the ordinance. For the past several days automobile owners have flatly refused, stated Tax Collector Riggins, to pay the annual license tax, because one of the prominent attorneys of the city had declared that he had picked a flaw in the old ordinance, and that the tax was not compulsory. Efforts will be made at once to enforce the regulation rigidly.

CLIMBS WALL TO WED

Marshall, Mo., Aug. 18.—A month to a day before she would have taken the veil and become a nun, Roma Romaine, 18 years old, Tuesday night climbed over the high wall of the Notre Dame Convent here and joined Dr. Becker B. Baldwin, of Elkhorn, Neb. The couple were married yesterday in Omaha. All the throbs of romance were crowded into the girl's courtship and marriage. Sixty days ago Baldwin, who was visiting in Marshall, was called to attend her for a slight indisposition. Under the guise of professional visits he carried on the courtship and the plans for the elopement.

Mrs. F. B. Bryant, of Thomasville, is visiting in the city today.

AUTO TAKES HIM DIVING.

Plunges Into Mill Race With Owner, Who is Nearly Drowned.

Collegeville, Pa., Aug. 18.—Alvin Landis narrowly escaped death in an auto accident at Yerkes, when he with his machine was thrown into 12 feet of water in the mill race, the machine turning turtle over him. Mr. Landis, who is a well known miller of this vicinity, purchased a new runabout in Philadelphia, Friday. He was returning from a business trip to Phoenixville and was driving cautiously into his garage, but in making the turn more power was called for and when he attempted to take the power off the clutch refused to work. As a result the car plunged straight ahead for the bank of the race, which is 12 feet deep. Milton andis, an uncle, who was in the machine with Mr. Landis, jumped to safety. The machine plunged over the bank and turned turtle on Landis, only the back ent of the car being visible above the water. It was with much difficulty that Landis crawled from under his machine and was assisted to shore.

Mrs. J. Harvey Blue and children are expected to return to their home this afternoon from a visit of two weeks with relatives in Salisbury.

Lectures At Pomona Tonight.

Dr. G. Floyd Ross, county superintendent of health, will deliver his illustrated lecture on diseases prevalent in the community and their prevention at the Pomona school house this evening at 8 o'clock. All parents of children are invited and urged to attend the lecture tonight for the welfare of themselves and the community.

Have You Found YOUR Real Estate?

Somewhere in this city is a piece of property YOU OUGHT TO OWN—because it would be worth to you a little more than to anyone else in the whole city!

You probably WILL own it, sometime—but why not try to locate it NOW, or SOON, by watching the real estate ads, and answering "likely ones,"

Very Serious

It is a very serious matter to ask for one medicine and have the wrong one given you. For this reason we urge you in buying to be careful to get the genuine—

THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT Liver Medicine

The reputation of this old, reliable medicine, for constipation, indigestion and liver trouble, is firmly established. It does not imitate other medicines. It is better than others, or it would not be the favorite liver powder, with a larger sale than all others combined.

SOLD IN TOWN F2

STREET CAR SCHEDULE.

Following is the street car schedule of the North Carolina Public Service Company:

For South Greensboro and Lindley Park

Beginning at 6:10 a. m. and continuing until 11:10 p. m. cars leave Court Square at 10 minutes after the hour, 10 minutes before the hour and on the half hour.

For White Oak.

Beginning at 6 a. m and continuing until 11:30 p. m. cars leave Court Square on the hour and the half hour.

For Proximity.

Beginning at 6 a. m. and continuing until 11:30 p. m. cars leave Court Square on the hour, at 15 minutes past, half past and 15 minutes before the hour.

For Piedmont.

Beginning at 6 a. m. and continuing until 11:00 p. m. cars leave Court Square on the hour.

For Gate City.

Beginning at 5:45 a. m. and continuing until 11:00 p. m. cars leave Court Square at 15 minutes before the hour on the hour, and 15 minutes after the hour.

Sundays the cars start two hours later than on week days, but otherwise the schedule is the same on Sunday as on the other days of the week.

INVENTION OF CHANCE

BAYONET DEVISED BY TROOPS WHO HAD NO AMMUNITION.

How Argand Invented His Lamp and Galileo the Telescope With Accidental Assistance—Discovery of Lithography.

The bayonet is said to have derived its name from the fact that it was first made at Bayonne, and its origin illustrates the proverb, "Necessity is the mother of invention."

A Basque regiment was hard pressed by the enemy on a mountain ridge near Bayonne. One of the soldiers suggested that as their ammunition was exhausted, they should fix their long knives into the barrels of their muskets. The suggestion was acted upon. The first bayonet charge was made, and the victory of the Basques led to the manufacture of the weapon at Bayonne, and its adoption into the armies of Europe.

Not infrequently an invention has been suggested by some trivial event which would have passed unnoticed had not a man with eyes and brains seen it.

Argand, a poor Swiss, invented a lamp with a wick fitted into a hollow cylinder up which a current of air was allowed to pass, thus giving a supply of oxygen to the interior as well as to the exterior of the circular frame.

At first Argand used the lamp without any chimney. One day he was busy in his workroom and sitting before the burning lamp. His little brother was amusing himself by placing a bottomless oil flask over different articles. Presently he placed it upon the flame of the lamp, which instantly shot up the long, circular neck of the flask with increased brilliancy. It did more, for it flashed into Argand's mind the idea of the lamp chimney, by which his invention was perfected.

One day the children of a Dutch spectacle maker were playing with some of their father's glasses before the door of his shop. Setting two of the largest glasses together they peeped through them and were surprised to see the weather cock of the opposite church brought close to their eyes. They called their father to see the strange sight. He looked through the glasses and what he saw suggested to him the possibility of constructing a curious toy.

Galileo, hearing of the toy which made distant things appear close at hand, saw at once what a valuable help it would be in studying the heavens. He set to work, and soon made the telescope.

An accident helped Senefelder to invent lithography. He was a sort of Jack-of-all trades, a writer of verses and comedies, an actor, a fiddler, a painter, an engraver and a printer.

He worked at etching on copper, but the coppersmith refused to let him have any more plates unless he paid cash for them. He then tried to utilize the old plates by rubbing off the etchings with a soft limestone.

At last the copper became useless through many rubbings, and he tried etching on the stone, a plan that did not work very well. One day, while he was polishing off a stone which he intended to etch, his mother asked him to write out a list of the linen which the laundress was waiting to carry off. Not finding a slip of paper or a drop of ink, Senefelder wrote the list on the stone with printing ink prepared from wax, soap and lampblack, intending to copy it at his leisure.

A few days later, when he was about to wipe the writing from the stone, he thought he would learn what would be the effect of writing with the prepared ink on the stone, if it should be bitten in with aquafortis. He bit away to about the hundredth part of an inch, charged the lines with the ink, took several impressions of the writing and discovered that he had invented the art of lithography.—Harper's Weekly.

Married Happily but Not Well.

"What do you think?" she cried, "Edith Reddin's cousin, that pretty one that was here last summer, has gone off and married a college professor and the family are awfully upset!"

"Gracious!" exclaimed Miss Olcott.

"What was wrong with him?" John inquired.

"Why, a professor, you know!"

"What—um—what did her family do?" asked Kate.

"Do! You can imagine! Why, she could have married—well, a duke, I guess."

"What—er—what did her friends do?" asked John.

"Why, well, you know, she's dropped out, just naturally, herself."

"Is she happy?" came from Kate.

"They say so. Oh, I guess she's married happily enough, but not well."—From "Thieves," by "Aix."

An Odd Instance.

"Vessels are paradoxical sort of things."

"How so?"

"They'll cut the water when they want to make a fast knot."

Something Wrong.

"I think this indictment must be defective," declared the judge.

"Why?" inquired the assistant district attorney.

"Seems to make sense."

Could a Man Convince You That He Was a Particular Dresser If He

Did Not Wear Tailored Clothes?

Nothing is added to the COST of tailored clothes that is not added to the VALUE—sometimes in most generous measure.

Wouldn't you LIKE to have people think that a high-class tailor made your clothes? NO ONE WILL THINK SO UNLESS IT'S TRUE!

And it might as well be true—don't you think so? For we will make a suit for you which will represent more VALUE to you than you ever bought before with that amount of money.

J. E. CARTLAND & COMP'Y

Greensboro's Real Tailors

231 South Elm St.

THE LAX-FOS WAY.

If you had a medicine that would strengthen the liver, the stomach, the kidneys and the bowels, and at the same time make you strong with a systematic tonic, don't you believe you would soon be well?

That's "The Lax-Fos Way."

We ask you to buy the first bottle on the money-back plan, and you will ask your druggist to sell you the second.

It keeps your whole insides right.

There is nothing else made like Lax-Fos.

Remember the name—LAX-FOS.

W. N. Coler Dead.

Bird S. Coler, president of Coler & Company, owners of the North Carolina Public Service Company, has received a message informing him of the death of his father, W. N. Coler, which occurred in Switzerland. Mr. Coler, prior to his retirement from business several years ago was senior member of the firm W. N. Coler & Company. His body will be brought to New York for interment.

GET IT AT HAGAN'S. 8-12tf.

CHORAZIN CHAPTER R. M. A.
HAD INITIATION LAST NIGHT.

At last night's meeting of Chorazin Chapter, No. 13, Royal Arch Masons a Past High Priest's jewel was presented to C. M. Vanstory, the presentation address being by D. P. Stern. There was a large attendance of the members of the chapter and the degree of mark master was conferred on John A. Smith and H. J. Mead. Following the business session a banquet was served.

Many a man doesn't know one drink from another. He makes a wry face when he drinks Scotch.

INSURGENTS TO JOIN WITH DEMOCRATS

House will Pass the Wool Bill Over the Veto of President Taft.

Washington, Aug. 18.—In the House the debate on Representative Underwood's motion to override the President's veto of the wool bill continued for three hours today. Representative Names declared that the veto was dashed on the "Ignorance of the President." Many Insurgent Republicans declared that they would vote with the Democrats to override the veto.

Washington, Aug. 18.—As soon as the House convened today Representative Underwood moved to take the vetoed wool bill from the Speaker's table, where it was placed yesterday, and to pass the bill over the President's veto.

Representatives Underwood and Mann then began to negotiate for the time to consider the bill before the roll-call.

The Farmers Free List bill reached the White House today and President Taft at once began the preparation of a message vetoing the measure. The message was considered by the cabinet this morning and will probably go to the House this afternoon.

Senator Smith introduced a resolution in the Senate calling on the Department of Agriculture to make a special estimate of this year's cotton crop. He charged that the July estimate was three million bales too much, causing the price to tumble and almost causing a panic in the South.

In Superior Court.

All of today in Guilford Superior court has been occupied with the case of B. F. Brite and Laura Brite vs. George T. Penny, J. S. Moser, Carolina Loan and Realty Company, Home Banking Company and Robert Laughing. The suit is to set aside a mortgage of $2,000 which was alleged to have been obtained through fraudulent representations. The case will probably go to the jury late this afternoon.

YELLOW TRADING STAMPS GIVEN

Aisle Tables Full of Good Things For

Saturday Shoppers

45-in. Red Striped Galatea, 20c. value, in remnants

12 1-2c

12 1-2c Galatea in Solids and Fancies

11c yard

32-in. Solid Blue Chambray, in Mill Ends

8 1-2c yard

32-in. Ginghams, new Fall styles, 12 1-2c value, for

10c yard

1000 Remnants White and Colored Wash Goods and Table Linens, especially priced for Friday.

4-in. heavy Taffeta Ribbon, all colors, 18c value, for

12c

Odd lot Taffeta Ribbons No. 9, 5c value, for

3c

36-in. Pajama Checks, regular 12 1-2c quality, for

10c yard

Renfrew 32-in. fast color Ginghams, 15c. value, for

12 1-2c yard

Westbrook Baby Protectors

$1.19

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, H. S. and fine tucks, regular 25c, Friday

19c

Ladies' Knit Summer Drawers, lace edge, regular 25c,

19c

Children's Black and Tan Hose, 5 1-2 to 8 1-2, regular 15c, for

8c

Solid Color Kimona Crepes, 1 to 8 yd. lengths, all the wanted colors

7 1-2c yard

12 lace trimmed Gowns, sold for $1.00, slightly mussed, choice 79c.

79c

All over Corset Covers sold for $1.00 reduced to

79c

Lace trimmed Corset Covers, sold for $1.19, mussed, choice

98c

Corset Covers, ruffle front, sold for 59c, reduced to

45c

Meyer's DEPARTMENT STORE GREENSBORO, N. C.

Women and Society

Lawn Party.

The members of the Moravian church, assisted by the Philathea class of the Sunday school, will give a lawn party this evening at the church. The public is invited. Seasonable refreshments will be served and a pleasant evening is anticipated for all who attend.

—o—

Trip To Wilkesboro.

A party of young people composed of little Miss Pauline Holden and guest, Miss Flossie Kersey of Greensboro, Misses Mozelle and Murrietta Dugan and Master Henry Tate Holden made a trip to Wilkesboro yesterday, going up in the morning with Capt. Holden and returning at evening.—Winston Journal.

—o—

Had Watermelon Feast.

A most enjoyable watermelon feast was given last evening at the home of Miss Fannie Hendrix on Hendrix street, by Miss Hendrix and Miss Janie Fields. Several juicy melons were cut and a jolly time was had by all present. During the evening various games furnished amusement for the merrymakers.

—o—

To Attend Wedding.

Miss Laura Reilley, accompanied by Miss Alice Houston, of Greensboro, will leave next Monday for Berk's Garden, Va., to attend the wedding of Miss Margaret Greever, which takes place August 30. Miss Greever is pleasantly remembered in Charlotte as a former primary teacher at Elizabeth College.—Charlotte Chronicle.

—o—

Dance Last Night.

An enjoyable dance was given last night in the rooms of the M. & M. Club in honor of Misses Eloise Peterson and Nellie Carrington, of Spartanburg, S. C. Music for the occasion was furnished by Hood's Orchestra and the hours were 9:30 to 12 o'clock. Those participating were: Harold Andrews with Miss Eloise Peterson, S. Glenn Hudson with Miss Nellie Carrington, Martin Douglas with Miss Annie Merritt, Robert Glenn with Miss Peyton, W. N. Coler of New York, with Miss Zozeal Hunt, Charles Ladd with Miss Eloise Dick, Pierce Rucker with Miss Nelson Walsh; stags: Dr. Charles Moore, Carter Dalton, Alfred Wiley. The chaperones of the evening were Dr. and Mrs. Parran Jarboe, Mrs. Peyton and Mr. and Mrs. Max T. Payne.

—o—

McNairy-McKnight.

A romance which began at a camp-meeting in Lincoln county this summer was concluded in Charlotte Wednesday afternoon when the marriage of Mr. H. A. McNairy and Miss Nell McKnight, of Greensboro, took place at the Stonewall Hotel. Rev. H. M. Pressley officiated.

Mr. McNairy came down from Greensboro, and was met here by the bride-elect. He secured the marriage license from the register of deeds office and through the aid of friends, Rev. Mr. Pressley was called up by 'phone and plans were perfected for the tying of the knot that afternoon.

The marriage was not a Gretna Green affair, but a romance of the good old-fashioned kind. The bride and groom meeting by chance at the campmeeting, soon became attached to each other, and were engaged, and then the arrangements were made for the marriage in Charlotte yesterday.—Charlotte Chronicle.

—o—

Miss Ridge Entertains.

About 75 young ladies, the elite of Greensboro society were delightfully entertained yesterday afternoon between the hours of 5:30 and 7 o'clock by Miss Mabel Ridge. The reception was held at the home of the hostess on West Sycamore street and was given by her complimentary to Miss Viola Fitzpatrick, of Knoxville, Tenn., who is spending the summer in the city as the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. F. Fonville, and Miss Clara Oettinger, of Kinston, who with her mother is visiting in Greensboro for several months.

As the guests arrived at the home they were received by Mrs. Wistar Stockard, while the cards were taken by Miss Evelyn Albright. At the front parlor all were warmly welcomed by a receiving line composed of the hotess, the two honorees, Mrs. Sydnor DeButts and Miss Ila Cartland, and were also received in the dining-room by Miss Nora Johnson and Mrs. E. M. Sellars. Roses and other flowers and a number of ferns with a profusion of candles formed the tasteful decorations, that, following the color scheme of lavender and white, made the setting of the affair a scene of beauty.

Delightful refreshments also in the scheme of lavender and white were served to the guests by Misses Merle Weaver and Fannie Williams. In the rear parlor Misses Margaret Forbis and Immogene Patterson dispensed delicious punch during the entire evening with a lavish hand. The reception which was one of the most brilliant of the summer was greatly enjoyed and appreciated by all present.

—o—

Mrs. J. T. Watts, of Durham, arrived in the city yesterday to spend some time with relatives.

Tonight's Dance.

The regular Friday dance at Lindley Park this evening will be, no doubt, the success of the season from a social standpoint. There are in the city a number of visiting young ladies who will grace the occasion with their presence. The dancing will begin at 9:30 o'clock and continue until 11:30.

—o—

DELIGHTFUL HOUSE PARTY AT HIGH FALLS, N. C.

High Falls, Aug. 18.—During the past week a number of young people were delightfully entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas N. Woody.

From the arrival of the guests until their departure every one felt the warm glow of hospitality. The informality of the occasion was marked and thoroughly enjoyed by all.

Tuesday afternoon will be especially remembered. After following the Indian trail for quite a distance through woodland and field, the hungry tramps came upon an Indian camp where was served a most delicious supper.

Among the other pleasant happenings were boating, batting, suppers on the river bank, watermelon feasts and several contests.

Most of the guests left Thursday morning for their respective homes with pleasant memories of the days gone by. They will count themselves very lucky to get another such an invitation in the "good old summer time."

Those present were as follows: Misses Lizzie and Cara Frances Wrenn, of Siler City; Sallie Coppedge, of Wadesboro; Edna Sharpe and Flora Glass, of Greensboro; Mildred Sinclair and Katie Lee McLeod, of Carthage; Edith Simmons, of Elise; Lena Hall, of Elizabethtown; Lillie McLeod, of Carbonton; Laura McKeown, of Stanley; Leora Chappell, of Hamptonville; Messrs. Albert Sharp, Walter and Hazel Glass, of Greensboro; Flynn and Robert Arrowood, of Elise; Ed Wilcox, of Carthge; Tracy Parks, of Hallison; Dr. G. T. Cox, of Dathan.

—o—

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Gillespie, of Yorkville, S. C., spent a few hours in the city yesterday as the guests of Mrs. N. C. Weatherly, while en route from a visit to relatives in Gulf to their home.

—o—

Prof. and Mrs. T. Gilbert Pearson returned yesterday afternoon from a visit of ten days to Wrightsville Beach.

—o—

Miss Cora Mebane left the city yesterday for Hillsboro, to spend a week as the guest of friends.

—o—

Miss Dell Moore of Reidsville, spent yesterday in the city with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mims, leaving in the afternoon to visit relatives in Burlington.

—o—

Dr. C. W. Bain, head of the Department of Greek at the Universtiy of North Carolina, accompanied by his wife and daughter, Miss Elizabeth, passed through the city yesterday afternoon on No 22 for their home in Chapel Hill after a vacation of two weeks spent in "Sky land" in and around Asheville.

—o—

Miss Rose Sternberger returned yesterday afternoon from a ten days' visit to Asheville.

—o—

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Brockman left today for a two weeks' stay at Davis White Sulphur Springs.

—o—

Miss Rosa Sternberger returns Thursday to her home in Greensboro after a visit to her sister, Mrs. David Margolius, at the Elton.—Asheville Gazette-News.

—o—

Mrs. L. J. Brandt is visiting in Blowing Rock.

—o—

Mrs. Charles Sisson, of Columbia, who has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. G. S. Sergeant, left yesterday for Connelly Springs.

—o—

Misses Berta and Alice Spruell left yesterday for Waynesville where they will spend ten days.

—o—

Mr. and Mrs. B. Gilmer and daughter spent last evening in Danville, Va.

—o—

Miss Minnie Wilson and Miss Ella Hanner returned yesterday after spending two weeks at Davis White Sulphur Springs at Hiddenite.

—o—

Mr. and Mrs. Dewstoe, who formerly resided on Battle Ground avenue, have moved to Charlotte where they will reside in the future.

—o—

Misses Jessie Livingstone and Jessie Clements, of Winston-Salem, are visiting in the city.

—o—

Mrs. J. E. Hennessee, who has been visiting relatives in the city, has returned to her home in Salisbury.

—o—

Miss Nellie Cole, of Durham, has arrived in the city to be the guest of Miss Sallie Eldridge.

—o—

Miss Mary Bowman will leave for her home at Liberty this evening. She has been visiting relatives here for the past two weeks.

Royal Worcester

NON-RUSTABLE

ADJUSTO

CORSETS

are the only practical, and hygienic reducing corsets with the world famous "adjusting bands." Can be instantly adjusted.

Every woman requiring firm bodily support, and desiring a trim graceful figure contour, should wear the ADJUSTO. It reduces the abdomen, hips and upper limbs as no other device can, and with the utmost ease and comfort.

We Carry a Full Line of Royal Worcester Corsets

in the $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 grades. Sizes and styles not in stock supplied in five days without extra charge. We also sell excellent fifty cent corsets made by the Royal Worcester Corset Company but not bearing the name.

THACKER & BROCKMANN

Misses Sallie, Nellie and Melissa Eldridge, who have been spending several days in Durham, the guests of Miss Nona Thompson, returned home yesterday.

—o—

Misses Blanch and Emma O'Neil returned yesterday after an extended visit to the eastern part of the State.

—o—

Miss Julia Irwin, of Charlotte, is the guest of Mrs. F. J. Sparger.

—o—

Miss Lois Threadgile, of Rocky Mount, and Miss Patty Threadgile, of Sylvania, Ga., are the guests of Mrs. R. T. Sills, Morehead avenue.

—o—

Mrs. W. C. Lassiter and Mrs. Fate Charles, of Winston, arrived yesterday to visit friends.

—o—

Misses Anita and Ruth Miller, who have been visiting friends in the city, have returned to their home in Mocksville.

—o—

Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Pearson have returned from a stay at Wrightsville Beach.

—o—

Miss Rosa Sternberger has returned from a stay at Asheville.

—o—

Mrs. O. L. Sapp underwent an operation at St. Leo's Hospital this morning and is reported as resting well.

—o—

Mrs. E. Poole was operated on at St. Leo's Hospital this morning and is reported as resting well. Her sister, Miss Mary Wyche, of the Watts Hospital at Durham, is with her.

—o—

Miss Lucile Elliott returned today after a stay at White Sulphur Springs, Mt. Airy.

—o—

Miss Elizabeth Tate returned today after spending two weeks at White Sulphur Springs, Mt. Airy.

—o—

Mrs. Peter McK. Williams, of Fayetteville, passed through the city today, enroute home from Montreat.

—o—

Mrs. J. L. Blackburn, of Goldsboro, passed through the city, enroute to Asheboro.

—o—

Miss Annie Laurie Peterson, of Spartanburg, after spending several weeks with Mrs. Janie Foushee, East Gaston street, left today for Monroe, to visit friends there.

—o—

Miss Ethel Edgerton, of Guilford College, is spending the day in the city shopping.

—o—

Mrs. A. L. Lashley and daughter, Ethel, returned to their home in Goldsboro today after spending a week with Mrs. J. H. Lashley.

—o—

Miss Nell Price, of Charlotte, spent a few hours between trains with Miss Margaret Glenn on North Elm street.

—o—

Miss Margaret Newell, of High Point, is the guest of Miss Sadie Royster, Church street.

SLAIN OFFICER'S FUNERAL

Coatesville, Pa., Aug. 18.—Thousands of sorrowing citizens of this and nearby towns filed past the casket that contained the remains of Policeman Edgar Rice yesterday and then gathered in groups about the town discussing preparations for the defense of the three prisoners now in the West Chester jail, charged with the burning of the negro Zack Walker, who slew the officer, and wondering who would be the next to be locked up.

The funeral services began at 10 o'clock. So great was the crush that police were required to keep the crowd in line. Members of the Brandywine Fire Company in full uniform acted as pallbearers.

COUPON

FOR

DINNER SET

No.25

CUT THIS OUT

30 of these Coupons numbered consecutively (start at any number) with $3.75 (drayage and express extra if delivered) will be good for one set of OLD FLOE BLUE DINNER ware—45 pieces.

The Greensboro Telegram

208 South Davie Street.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

PERSONAL MENTION

John M. Dick returned yesterday from Wrightsville Beach where he has spent the past week attending the annual meeting of the North Carolina Laundrymen's Association.

—o—

Dr. T. R. Wilson, registrar of the University of North Carolina, and wife and children, passed through the city yesterday returning to their home in Chapel Hill from a vacation in the mountains near Asheville.

—o—

John M. Dick has returned from Wrightsville Beach and other pleasure resorts.

—o—

Max Hendrix left today on his initial trip with Lunnand Sweet Shoe Co. He will travel an extensive Southern territory.

GET IT AT HAGAN'S. 8-12tf.

The Pole Was Crooked.

The Public Service Company this morning began replacing a deteriorated pole on South Elm street. Citizens made a protest to the city officials that the new pole was unsightly and the company should be required to put in a decent looking one. An investigation showed that the proposed pole was somewhat crooked, but otherwise presented a stable appearance.

THAW'S WIFE SEEKS LUNACY COMMISSION.

Wants to Obtain Share in $60,000 a Year Income of Her Husband.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 18.—Asking for a lunacy commission for Stanford White's slayer, Harry Kendall Thaw, now confined in the Matteawan Hospital, New York, a petition was filed in common pleas court here today in behalf of Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, his wife.

Judge L. L. Davis admitted the petition after some discussion as to whether a Pennsylvania court had jurisdiction. Attorney Francis Rawle of Phiadelphia, who filed the petition, asked for a rule to show cause why the commission should not be appointed, but this was refused, as the attorney could not tell the court the names of persons who have charge of Thaw's income in this county. A hearing will take place after the parties interested have been notified.

Mr. Rawle stated that Thaw's income is $60,000 a year, and Mrs. Thaw, being without means, is entitled to a share of this amount.

GET IT AT HAGAN'S. 8-12tf.

International Press Bible Question Club

Cut This Out and Send to This Office

Send the Telegram One Year, to the close of the Bible Question Contest, to the following address, and count me a member of the Local Club. Payment for one year at the published subscription price is enclosed.

Name.....

Address.....

.....

CUT OUT AND SEND TO THIS OFFICE

International Press Bible Question Club

I have read the Suggestive Questions on the Sunday School Lesson published in THE TELEGRAM, also the Lesson itself for Sunday.....191.., and intend to read the series of 52.

Name.....

Address.....

August 20th, 1911.

(Copyright, 1910, by Rev. T. S. Linscott, D.D.)

Jeremiah Cast into Prison. Jer. xxxvii.

Golden Text—Blessed are ye, when men shall revile you, and persecute you, and say all manner of evil against you falsely, for my sake. Matt. v:11.

(1.) Verses 1-2—When sin is working wreck and ruin, how do you explain that men keep on in their disobedience to God, as Zedekiah did?

(2.) How did Zedekiah become king of Judah?

(3.) What if any relation was Zedekiah to the king of Babylon. (See 2 Kings xxiv:17.)

(4.) What makes people disregard one whom they believe to be a true prophet, as many of these Jews did Jeremiah?

5.) Verses 3-4 — Jerusalem was now besieged with a powerful army, and Zedekiah in fear sent to ask Jeremiah to pray to God for them; was there merit or demerit, in this request from such a man? Why?

(6.) Does God answer the prayers of the wicked for the success of their projects, or the prayers of good people in their behalf?

(7.) How should a man be treated who is constantly pointing out national sins, and forecasting their disastrous consequences? Is he a traitor or a patriot?

(8.) Verses 5-10—Zedekiah in spite of his oath to the king of Babylon had rebelled against him, and made a league with the king of Egypt; what did God say through Jeremiah should be the result?

(9.) What is the demerit of the sin to break an oath or betray a trust?

(10.) What reason is there to believe that there comes a time, in the life of an individual, when his fate is sealed and his doom certain?

(11.) Verse 11—The Chaldean king of Babylon raised the siege of Jerusalem, so that Pharaoh's army of relief returned to Egypt, possibly driven back by the Chaldeans. This gave Jerusalem a short respite. What should the wicked do while God withholds his judgments?

(12.) Verses 12-14—What was the probable object of Jeremiah in leaving Jerusalem, now he had the opportunity?

(13.) Was there any ground at all for accusing Jeremiah of being a traitor? (See chap. 38.)

(14.) Which is generally the worse, "a lie out of whole cloth" or one based upon facts perverted?

(15.) Verses 15-16—Why in view of God's almighty power does He permit his servants to suffer for their very faithfulness?

(16.) Verse 17—Likely by this time the Chaldean army had re-invested the city, and then Zedekiah, the king, gets Jeremiah out of prison to consult him. Is it a usual thing for bad men when in prosperity to reject good people, and when in adversity consult them, or ask their prayers? Give your reasons.

(17.) Jeremiah told the king the blunt truth. Why should we always do that with sinners?

(18.) Verses 18-21 — Does a good man ever get where he may not suffer hunger, cold, or other bodily discomforts, or when he does not desire bodily comforts as do other men? (This is one of the questions that may be answered in writing by members of the club.)

Lesson for Sunday, Aug. 27, 1911, Judah Carried Captive to Babylon. Jer. xxxix.

SECRETARY WILSON IS 76.

Holds Record for Length of Service as a Cabinet Officer.

Washington, Aug. 18.—Secretary of Agriculture James Wilson, who is the oldest member of the President's cabinet and who has held his portfolio since 1897, a longer period than any other Cabinet officer in the history of the government, today observed the seventy-sixth anniversary of his birth.

Secretary Wilson was born August 16, 1835, in Ayrshire, Scotland, which was also the birthplace of Robert Burns.

He came to this country at the age of 16, with his parents and after a brief residence in Connecticut settled in Tama, county, Iowa, combining farming with politics.

Before entering McKinley's first cabinet, Mr. Wilson served in the Iowa Assembly and was three times a Representative in Congress.

He is absent on a vacation which will include a series of lectures on agricultural themes.

Mrs. Buggins—The hat I had sent home on approval is a poem, and it only cost $50.

Mr. Buggins—It may be a poem, but when it comes to paying for it I am also a-verse.

BITTEN CHOKING COPPERHEAD.

Victim Who Found Snake Coiled Around His Knee May Die.

Shamokin, Pa., Aug. 18.—Stanley Ropier, walking near Elysburg today, looked down and saw a large copperhead snake coiled around his knee.

Ropier reached down and with his hand strangled the reptile to death, but not in time to escape being bitten. His leg soon swelled to twice its normal size, and he is in a critical condition.

TO DEFINE CONTEMPT OF COURT.

House Judiciary Committee Will Undertake Inquiry.

Washington, Aug. 18.—An inquiry into contempt of court and its punishments, emphasized recently in the sentencing of American Federation of Labor officials in the Bucks Stove and Range case, is to be undertaken by the House judiciary committee through hearings, beginning December 7 next, on the bill introduced by Chairman Clayton of the committee, which defines contempt of court.

The committee decided to send public notice of the hearing to every bar association in the United States and expects to arouse widespread interest in the attempt to revise the contempt laws.

The Clayton bill divides contempt of court into direct and indirect contempt, which is defined in the bill.

SLEEP TALK SCARES THIEF.

Woman Owes Family Silver to Habit of Dreaming Aloud.

New York, Aug. 18.—If Mrs. Michael Barenhopf, who lives with her husband and two sons at No. 1341 Fifth avenue, had not talked in her sleep last night the family would have been, today, without several pieces of family silver and some other valuables.

Some time during the night burglars entered the apartment, which is on the fourth floor. Everything was quiet until Mrs. Barenhopf began to dream out loud and the son called to her to awaken her. He heard a slight noise as of some body at the door. On getting up today th father found that his room had been entered while he slept and his clothes taken. The burglars had been driven away by Mrs. Barenhopf sleep-talking.

The father of triplets realizes that two's company, three's a crowd.

Annie's Elopement

By Effie Stevens

(Copyright, 1911, by Associated Literary Press.)

Anne Blair alighted at the Blithedale terminal, and waited impatiently until the trolley car, on which she had come, had gone clanking back towards the city.

Then she looked uncertainly up and down the lonely stretch of bush-bordered country road, which ran at right angles to the car track, following the winding course of the Podunk river.

"Now, which direction did Walter tell me to take, I wonder?" she asked herself, puckering her brows in a frown of perplexity. "I shall just have to look at his letter again. It was lucky that I thought to bring it with me."

Anne seated herself upon a large log which was lying conveniently by the roadside, and, drawing a bulky epistle from her leather hand-bag, ran hurriedly through its pages.

"Oh, here it is on the sixth page!" she exclaimed at last.

Then her frown deepened.

"Why, he doesn't say," she gasped. "Isn't that just like his thoughtlessness? He only says to follow the road until I come to a path leading to the river; he will be there with a boat, or, if he cannot come himself, he will send a friend in his place. Now, the question is, did he mean me to go up the road or down the road? Well, as the choice seems to be left to me, I'll try going down the road. I don't dare remain here much longer, for if father should have found out, there's no telling at what moment he may come whizzing along in that new, high speed car of his. It's a pity the roads between here and town are so good."

Thereupon, Anne jumped to her feet and proceeded to walk briskly down the dusty road, her eyes searching eagerly for the path, which would lead

"I'm Almost Sure I've Taken the Wrong Direction."

her to the riverside, where she imagined Walter must be impatiently awaiting her, and her ears keenly alert for the dreaded whir of an approaching motor car.

On and on she went for a distance that seemed interminable to her overwrought nerves; but nothing occurred to break the peaceful monotony of her surroundings.

"I'm almost sure I've taken the wrong direction after all," Anne complained to the solitude. "Why couldn't Walter have been more explicit? If I don't come to that path soon, I shall have to turn about and go back, and like as not walk straight into the arms of father—that is if he doesn't run over me before he recognizes me."

A few steps farther on, however, Anne came to a path leading towards the river, which she unhesitatingly took, though it proved decidedly unpleasant walking.

"I think Walter might have chosen a nicer place for me to meet him," she thought ruefully, as she stumbled over a treacherous stump, and barely saved herself from a fall.

A moment later Anne came out upon the river bank, but no Walter was in sight.

Immediately, Anne's anxiety increased tenfold. She could not help imagining all sorts of unpleasant possibilities as to why Walter was not there. What if her father had had him arrested for contemplated kidnaping? She didn't even know if one could have a person arrested for proposing to do anything—her ignorance of law was profound—but the uncertainty intensified her fears.

Anne was on the point of sobbing aloud, when she caught sight of a small motor boat approaching from across the river, and the world grew bright again, for, though the boat was so far away she could not actually tell, she never doubted but that its occupant was Walter.

It took her but a short time to discover that the boat was headed for a point much farther up stream than her present position.

"I came the wrong way after all," she wailed, as she waved her pocket handkerchief frantically in the almost hopeless effort to attract the attention of the occupant of the boat. "Though how was I to know there was more than one path?"

Anne was seen, nevertheless, and the little boat soon changed its course, and came directly towards her.

At the same instant, to complicate matters, Anne heard the unmistakable, though distant sound of a motor car approaching along the road.

Ordinarily Anne would have realized that a large number of people are the possessors of motor cars at the present time, but now she immediately jumped to the conclusion that it must be her father.

A dreadful fear assailed her lest Walter and her father should meet, in this lonely spot. Her father was a vigorous, hot tempered man. He had never liked Walter. What might he not do now in his anger? Walter would certainly stand no chance against his possible onslaught.

Anne suddenly wished that Walter was not quite so, oh, well, lady-like and namby-pamby—there were no other terms for it—though these were the qualities which had especially attracted her to him in the first place. If he were only more like Herbert Sargeant. He could have fought his own battles and hers, too. And then the hot color flooded her cheeks as she remembered that it was Herbert Sargeant whom her father had desired her to marry, and that it was on his account that Walter and herself had been forced into hasty action.

Oh, if she had only let the boat go on its course unhindered.

But that wish was vain, for while Anne had been giving way to her fears, the motor boat, all unheeded by her, had come close to the shore, and a cheerful, familiar voice now called out, "I wasn't expecting to find you away down here, Anne."

Anne started.

With dismay, she saw that the occupant of the boat was not Walter James, but, of all persons in the world, Herbert Sargeant.

"Were—were you looking for me?" she managed to stammer out incredulously.

"Who else?" Herbert laughed.

A feeling of intense relief swept over Anne. She had not known before that Walter and Herbert were friends—she did not quite understand yet how they could be—still, since Herbert was here, everything must be all right. She had known Herbert all her life, and she could trust him implicitly. She knew he would take care of her.

The automobile passed on along the country road unheeded and forgotten.

"Let me help you into the boat," Herbert commanded kindly, almost tenderly, springing lightly to her side, and Anne obeyed him without question.

Taking his place at the wheel, he sent the boat speeding across the river.

Anne watched him silently. Now that she had time to review the situation calmly she began to have serious regrets as to the step she had taken. It was too late, however, to back out. She must go on to the end.

"Why could Walter not come himself?" she asked faintly.

Herbert looked at her pityingly.

Then he burst out: "Anne, how could you care for that contemptible little cur?"

Anne stared at him indignantly.

"Oh, I suppose you'll hate me for telling you," Herbert continued bitterly, "but I couldn't bear to have anyone else know. Jim Grierson told me Walter James had been asking all manner of questions about how much money you had. I hunted the fellow up, double quick, and after I'd told him you hadn't a cent but what your father felt like giving you, and he wasn't likely to give you anything if you married him, he showed that he considered he'd put his foot in it, all right, and he was so anxious to get out, he blabbed this whole elopement plan. That's all, except that I couldn't leave you to bear the shock of his not meeting you alone, so I simply had to come."

"You didn't hurt him?" Anne whispered, with white lips.

"No," Herbert said grimly.

"Oh, I'm so glad," Anne breathed. "I wouldn't like to think you had demeaned yourself by touching anything so vile."

Then Anne blushed violently, as she realized the full import of her impulsive words.

A veil seemed suddenly lifted from before her amazed eyes, and she realized that it was Herbert, and not Walter, whom she cared for all along. She had merely allowed a lifetime's friendship for Herbert to blind her as to the real state of her feelings.

"Anne," Herbert cried, eagerly, "do you really mean it? You know I have always cared for you. My mistake lay in telling your father before I told you. Suppose we go on with this elopement? We can go straight to the minister's."

"We haven't any marriage license," Anne objected demurely, as they stepped from the boat onto dry land. "We'd have to have one in this state, I know, because I looked it up."

"I did too," confessed Herbert, as he sheepishly drew a paper from his pocket and held it out to her.

"Won't father be surprised when we tell him," was Anne's only reply.

German Mortgage Banks Busy.

Big things doing in Germany these days. The 36 mortgage banks there have about $2,618,000,000 loaned out on mortgages, practically all of it on city property. That is about $350,000,000 more than the public debt of Prussia, taking in the bonds issued to build the great system of Prussian railways, which are a perfect network over the country. One of the mortgage banks has outstanding mortgage loans of some $260,000,000. The average returns on the loans have ranged from 4.22 per cent. in 1905 (as in the three years following) to 4.34 in 1909, with 4.33 in 1910.—New York Press.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SCHEDULE.

N. B.—The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed:

12:20 a. m., No. 29 daily, Birmingham special. Through Pullman sleeping and observation car, New York to Birmingham. Dining car service.

12:32 a. m., No. 32 daily, the Southern's Southeastern Limited Pullman sleeping cars from Jacksonville and Augusta to New York. Also handles Pullman Sleeping car from Raleigh and Greensboro to Washington, D. C., this car ready for occupancy at Greensboro, 10:00 p. m. Dining car service.

12:45 a. m., No. 112 daily, for Raleigh and Goldsboro. Pullman sleeping car from Winston-Salem to Morehead and Beaufort, N. C.

2:10 a. m., No. 30 daily, Birmingham special, Pullman sleeping and observation car for New York. Day coach to Washington. Dining car service.

2:25 a. m., No. 31 daily. The Southern's Southeastern Limited. Pullman sleeping cars, New York to Jacksonville and Augusta. Pullman Sleeping Car from Washington to Greensboro and Raleigh. Dining car service.

3:45 a. m., No 45, daily, local for Charlotte, connecting for Atlanta and points South.

7:10 a. m., No 8 daily, local for Richmond connecting at Danville with Norfolk train.

7:20 a. m., No. 37, daily, New York and Atlanta and New Orleans Limited. Pullman Drawing-room sleeping cars, and club and observation cars New York to New Orleans. Pullman sleeping cars New York to Asheville, Charlotte and Macon. Pullman Chair car Greensboro to Montgomery. Solid Pullman train. Dining car service.

7:30 a. m., No. 108, daily, for Durham, Raleigh and local points. Handles Pullman Sleeping Car from Washington to Raleigh.

7:35 a. m., No. 11 daily, local to Atlanta. Sleeping car from Richmond to Charlotte and Norfolk to Asheville.

7:45 a. m., No. 150 daily, except Sunday, for Ramseur.

8:15 a. m., No. 237 daily, for Winston-Salem, and daily except Sunday, for N. Wilkesboro.

9:30 a. m., No. 44 daily, for Washington and points North.

9:40 a. m., No. 144 daily, for Raleigh and Goldsboro. Handles Atlanta-Raleigh sleeping car.

12:30 p. m., No. 21, daily for Asheville and Waynesville and local points handling coaches and chair car through to Asheville and Waynesville.

12:50 p. m., No. 138 daily for Sanford, Fayetteville and Wilmington.

12:55 p. m., No 7 daily, local for Charlotte and points South.

1:40 p. m., No. 36 daily, U. S. fast mail for Washington, New York and points North. Handles Pullman Sleeping Cars from Birmingham and New Orleans to New York and Pullman Sleeping Car, Memphis to Richmond. Day coaches to Washington. Dining Car service.

2:20 p. m., No. 207 daily, except Sunday, for Winston-Salem, making connection for North Wilkesboro.

2:30 p. m., No. 151 daily, except Sunday, for Madison.

4:20 p. m., No. 22 daily, for Durham, Raleigh and Goldsboro. Handles parlor car to Goldsboro.

3:30 p. m., No. 230 daily, except Sunday, for Ramseur.

3:45 p. m., No. 132 daily for Sanford.

4:55 p. m., No. 131 daily, for Mt. Airy.

6:10 p. m., No. 35 daily, U. S. fast mail for Atlanta and points South. Pullman sleeping cars to New Orleans and Birmingham and Pullman sleeping car Richmond to Asheville, DiDning car service.

6:35 p. m., No. 235 daily, for Winston-Salem.

7:20 p. m., No. 43 daily for Atlanta. Pullman sleeping car and coaches to Atlanta.

10:13 p. m., No. 38 daily, New York, Atlanta and New Orleans Limited. Pullman sleeping cars, and club and observation cars to New York. Dining car service. Solid Pullman train.

1:20 p. m., No. 233 daily, for Winston-Salem.

10:31 p. m., No. 12 daily, local for Richmond. Handles Pullman sleeping cars for Richmond and Norfolk.

E. H. COAPMAN,
V-P. and Gen. Mgr., Washington, D. C.
S. H. HARDWICK, P. T. M., Washington, D. C.
H. F. CARY, G. P. A., Washington, D. C.
R. L. VERNON, D. P. A., Charlotte, N. C.
W. H. McCLAMERY, P. & T. A. Greensboro, N. C.

Aquatic Sports More Popular This Year Than Ever Before

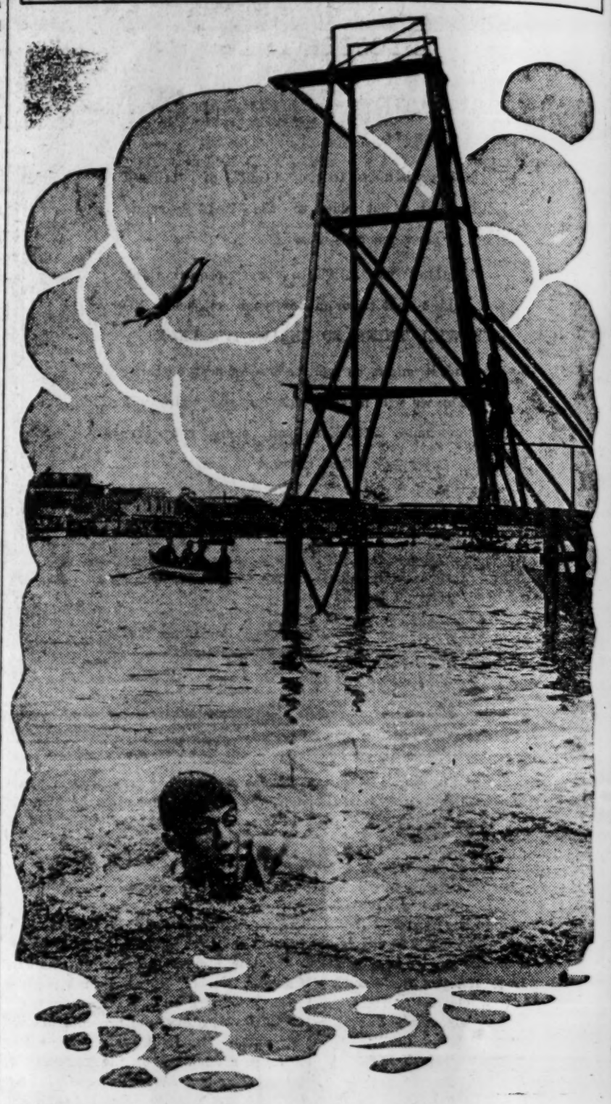


Photo copyright by American Press Association, 1911.

SWIMMING and other aquatic sports are becoming more popular all over the country, and in regions where there are lakes or rivers and along the sea coast there have been numerous contests this summer in which noted swimmers have taken part. T. H. Robinson of Princeton, who won the 440 yard dash in the intercollegiate contest at Sheepshead Bay, doing the distance in 6 minutes 53 seconds, five seconds better than the record, is shown in the foreground. The picture also shows a contestant for high diving honors. In judging this contest the clean manner in which the athlete enters the water is taken into consideration.

ROSTAND HURT BY AUTO.

Author of "Chanticler" Pinned Under Car, May Be Fatally Injured.

Biarritz, France, Aug. 18.—Edmond Rostand, the poet and dramatist, was the victim of a serious automobile accident near here today and tonight lies in his villa at Cambo-les-Bains surrounded by physicians, who have been unable to determine what the outcome of his injury will be. He is suffering from serious contusions of the head and body and it is feared he is injured internally.

M. Rostand was motoring from Cambo-les-Bains to St. Jean de Luz, accompanied by his chauffeur and a mechanic, when his machine skidded on a curve in the road, leaped into the air, turned over and fell to the bottom of a 15-foot ditch pinning the poet beneath it.

His companions were unhurt and worked desperately, but vainly, to raise the car and release the imprisoned man. Finally finding their efforts of no avail, they rushed off for help, while M. Rostand, in great agony, lay crushed and bleeding beneath the upturned car. Shortly afterward the chauffeur succeeded in enlisting the aid of a squad of farmers and M. Rostand was extricated and rushed to his villa for medical attention. M. Rostand is 43 years old.

99 Years Old, She Has Her Appendix Removed.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Aug. 18.—Mrs. H. B. Hillman of this city, who was 99 years old last March, has submitted to an operation for appendicitis and is expected to recover despite her age. She is the oldest resident of this city.

Just about the time the average man reaches the pinnacle of fame he wakes up.

Every Dollar of an Ad-Reader's Money is Above Par!

Frequently Its Buying Power Is Actually Doubled!

YOUR DOLLARS vary in value as they vary in purchasing power. The man or woman who studies advertisements is able, frequently, to make one dollar do the usual work of two.

And the experienced reader of advertisements will **always** make a dollar command a premium—make it buy **more** than a dollar's worth, as figured on "ruling prices" of things.

How much "above par" are the dollars in your pocket worth? It will depend on how closely you study the buying opportunities outlined in the store ads.

Wm. WISE

The Landscape Man

Was delayed in getting here on account of a piece of work secured enroute, showing that he is all to the good.

Have a job for him in South Carolina, waiting, but can put that off if you 'phone us promptly.

J. Van Lindley
Nursery Company
POMONA, N. C.
Phone 298-1.

We are prepared to do any kind of Hauling—Freight, Household Goods, Office Furniture, Safes, Pianos, Wood Stone, Lumber, Brick—anything.

Phone No. 8
When you want anything moved.

Cunningham Bros.
Coal---Wood

There is
BEAUTY, DURABILITY and SATISFACTION
in every monument made by
Englehart Granite and Marble Works
Our specialty
WINNSBORO BLUE GRANITE.
Phone 281.

Dyspepsia is our national ailment. Burdock Blood Bitters is the national cure for it. It strengthens stomach membranes, promptes flow of digestive juices, purefies the blood, builds you up.

Any skin itching is temper-tester. The more you scratch the worse it itches. Doan's Ointment cures piles, eczema—any skin itching. At all drug stores.

"I have been somewhat costive but Doan's Regulets gave just the result desired. They act mildly and regulate the bowels perfectly."—George P. Krause, 306 Walnut Ave., Altoona, Pa.

A specific for pain—Dr Thomas Eclectic Oil, strongest, cheapest liniment ever devised. A household remedy in America for 25 years.

PNEUMONIA
left me with a frightful cough and very weak. I had spells when I could hardly breathe or speak for 10 to 20 minutes. My doctor could not help me, but I was completely cured by
DR. KING'S New Discovery
Mrs. J. E. Cox, Joliet, Ill.
50c AND $1.00 AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

His Wife (who was unable to attend)—Did the congregation agree to your utterances on the criminal rich?

New Clergyman (proudly)—I am sure they did. They were all nodding.—Judge.

More people, men and women, are suffering from kidney and bladder trouble than ever before, and each year more of them turn for quick relief and permanent benefit to Foley's Kidney Remedy, which has proven itself to be one of the most effective remedies for kidney and bladder ailments that medical science has devised. Howard Gardner.

Wife—Do you remember the first time we met?

Husband—Yes. I was a real estate agent and you came to my office looking for a flat.

She (savagely) —Well, I found one.—Baltimore American.

Foley Kidney Pills will check the progress of your kidney and bladder trouble and heal by removing the cause. Try them. Howard Gardner.

There seems to be a difference between putting your soul into a thing and putting your foot in it.

Accused of Stealing.

E. E. Chamberlain, of Clinton, Me., boldly accuses Bucklen's Arnica Salve of stealing—the sting from burns or scalds—the pain from sores of all kinds—the distress from boils or piles. "It robs cuts, corns, bruises, sprains and injuries of their terror," he says, "as a healing remedy its equal don't exist." Only 25c at Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

DR. WALTERS CAME BACK AND GOT TWO HITS.

Charlotte, Aug. 18.—Besides pitching supurb ball yesterday afternoon Dr. Tony Walters proved himself an adept with the willow and pounded two safeties off Hankie. But for fine fielding by the Hornets the score would have been much larger for the Patriots pounded Hankie and the heavy end was at the lower part of the batting list. The score was Greensboro, 5; Charlotte, 2.

The official score:

Greensboro—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Rickard, cf.	4	1	1	1	0	0
Doyle, 2b.	3	1	1	1	1	0
Fuller, 1b.	4	0	1	11	0	1
Doak, 3b.	4	0	0	2	4	0
Clapp, lf.	2	0	0	2	0	0
Loman, rf.	4	1	2	3	0	0
Carroll, ss.	4	1	2	2	2	0
Stuart, c.	4	0	1	5	1	0
Walters, p.	3	1	2	0	5	0
Totals	32	5	10	27	13	1

Charlotte—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Seigfried, ss.	4	0	0	4	1	0
Malcomson, 1b.	4	0	2	9	5	0
McMillan, 3b.	4	0	1	0	3	0
Wofford, rf.	4	1	1	2	0	0
Weiser, cf.	4	0	1	3	0	0
Coutts, lf.	4	1	1	0	1	0
Ryan, c.	4	0	1	3	2	0
Agnew, 2b.	4	0	1	4	3	0
Hankie, p.	3	0	0	2	1	1
Totals	35	2	8	27	16	1

By innings:—	R.
Greensboro	000 200 003—5
Charlotte	010 000 001—2

Summary: Two-base hits—Loman, Carroll (2). Three-base hits: Coutts, Malcolmson. Sacrifice hits—Doyle, 2; Clapp. Base on balls—Off Hankie, 6. Struck out—By Hankie, 1; by Walters, 4. Stolen base—Coutts. Double play—Hankie to Malcolmson to Agnew. Left on bases—Greensboro, 9; Charlotte, 6. First base on errors—Greensboro, 1. Time—1.27. Umpire—O'Brien. Attendance—950.

WINSTON TAKES FIFTH GAME OF THE WEEK.

Winston, Aug. 18.—By enmeshing the Spinners in their own web yesterday the Twins walked off with the game 16 to 3. The game was a regular batting rally, but the Twins by fine fielding prevented Greenville from piling up a score.

Score:	R.	H.	E.
Winston	024 250 12x—16	18	1
Greenville	110 000 001— 3	11	5

Batteries—Stewart and Dailey, Ridgeway, Griffin and Kite.

SPARTANS AND ELECTRICIANS HAVE A SWAT FEST PROPER.

Anderson, Aug. 18.—Two hundred and fifty people saw the Electricians get the best of the Musicians in a regular swat fest here yesterday, the final score being 14 to 4. There were several errors on each side. The 13 hits off Trammell were well scattered and by fine fielding only four Musicians crossed the plate.

Anderson	530 202 02x—14	16	3
Spartanburg	001 001 020— 4	13	5

Batteries—Trammell and Brannon, Smith, Watson and Westlake.

DIAMOND DUST

Dr. Walters actually got two hits.

And he twirled fine ball too.

Greenville, Greensboro and Spartanburg are probable winners today.

The ball was swatted some yesterday.

Only 39 runs were made.

The "Deacon" will perform this afternoon.

Swindell will like rest today and tomorrow.

He has found out that he has some twirling to do to hold down Doyle's bunch of willow wielders.

Fourteen more games this season.

Lowman and Carroll were using the stick too.

Loss of Time Means Loss of Pay.

Kidney trouble and the ills it breeds means lost time and lost pay to many a working man. M. Balent, 1214 Little Penna St., Streator, Ill., was so bad from kidney and bladder trouble that he could not work, but he says: "I took Foley Kidney Pills for only a short time and got entirely well and was soon able to go back to work, and am feeling well and healthier than before." Foley Kidney Pills are tonic in action, quick in results—a good friend to the working man or woman who suffers from kidney ills. Howard Gardner.

Perspiring Customer—Ph-h-h! Bring me something cool!

Waitress—Yes, sir. Would you like an ice?

Perspiring Customer—No, no; something cooler than that.—Punch.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS IN THE BIG LEAGUES

American.

At St. Louis—
Washington, 5; St. Louis, 0.

At Detroit—
Boston, 4; Detroit, 3.

At Cleveland—
New York, 6; Cleveland 2.

At Chicago—
First game—Philadelphia, 3; Chicago, 1. Second game—Philadelphia, 5; Chicago, 1.

National.

At Brooklyn—
Pittsburg, 7; Brooklyn, 8.

At Boston—
Chicago, 8; Boston, 12.

At Philadelphia—
St. Louis, 7; Philadelphia, 0.

At New York—
First game—Cincinnati, 4; New York, 10. Second game—Cincinnati, 2; New York, 15. (Called end 8th; darkness.)

Southern.

At Nashville—
Nashville, 1; Montgomery, 6.

At Chattanooga—
Chattanooga, 2; New Orleans, 3.

At Atlanta—
Atlanta, 3; Mobile, 2.

At Birmingham—
Birmingham-Memphis, not scheduled.

South Atlantic.

At Albany—
Albany, 5; Columbia, 4.

At Macon—
Macon, 4; Savannah, 0.

At Jacksonville—
Jacksonville, 1; S. A. L., 8.

At Columbus—
Columbus, 5; Charleston, 3.

Thirty Years Together.

Thirty years of association—think of it. How the merit of a good thing stands out in that time—or the worthlessness of a bad one. So there's no guess work in this evidence of Thos. Ariss, Concord, Mich., who writes: "I have used Dr. King's New Discovery for 30 years, and its the best cough and cold cure I ever used." Once it finds entrance in a home you can't pry it out. Many families have used it for forty years. It's the most infallible throat and lung medicine on earth. Unequaled for lagrippe, asthma, hay fever, croup, quinsy or sore lungs. Price 50c, $1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

Standpatter—Don't you think Rantington's speeches are sound?

Insurgent—Yes; but that's all.—The Smart Set.

Attack Like Tigers.

In fighting to keep the blood pure the white corpuscles attack disease germs like tigers. But often germs multiply so fast the little fighters are overcome. Then see pimples, boils, eczema, saltrheum and sores multiply and strength and appetite fail. This condition demands Electric Bitters to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to expel poisons from the blood. "They are the best blood purifier," writes C. T. Budahn, of Tracy, Calif., "I have ever found." They make rich, red blood, strong nerves and build up your health. Try them. 50c at Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

A good scare is often efficacious where good advice fails.

A King Who Left Home.

set the world to talking, but Paul Mathulka, of Buffalo, N. Y., says he always KEEPS AT HOME the King of all Laxatives—Dr. King's New Life Pills—and that they're a blessing to all his family. Cure constipation, headache, indigestion, dyspepsia. Only 25c at Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

A debt of gratitude is generally the hardest to collect.

Do not allow your kidney and bladder trouble to develop beyond the reach of medicine. Take Foley Kidney Pills. They give quick results and stop irregularities with surprising promptness. Howard Gardner.

It doesn't require a vaulting ambition to jump at conclusions.

Hay Fever, Asthma and Summer Colds Must be relieved quickly and Foley's Honey and Tar Compound will do it. E. M. Stewart, 1034 Wolfram St., Chicago, writes: "I have been greatly troubled during the hot summer months with Hay Fever and find that by using Foley's Honey and Tar Compound I get great relief." Many others who suffer similarly will be glad to benefit by Mr. Stewart's experience. Howard Gardner.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Carolina Association.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Winston	63	33	.656
GREENSBORO	60	36	.625
Charlotte	44	53	.454
Anderson	43	54	.443
Spartanburg	39	54	.419
Greenville	38	57	.400

American.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	71	38	.652
Detroit	68	43	.613
Boston	57	53	.518
New York	57	54	.513
Cleveland	55	56	.495
Chicago	54	56	.491
Washington	46	65	.415
St. Louis	33	76	.303

National.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	63	38	.624
New York	64	41	.610
Pittsburg	65	42	.607
Philadelphia	59	47	.557
St. Louis	58	48	.547
Cincinnati	46	59	.438
Brooklyn	40	65	.381
Boston	26	81	.243

Southern.

	W.	L.	P.C.
New Orleans	65	40	.619
Birmingham	64	48	.571
Montgomery	58	47	.552
Nashville	54	54	.500
Chattanooga	54	57	.486
Memphis	50	59	.459
Mobile	47	61	.435
Atlanta	41	67	.380

South Atlantic.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Columbia	40	13	.755
Albany	30	21	.588
Columbus	27	23	.540
Macon	27	24	.529
Jacksonville	24	29	.453
S. A. L.	20	31	.392
Savannah	20	33	.377
Charleston	19	33	.365

Many a Suffering Woman
Drags herself painfully through her daily tasks, suffering from backache, headache, nervousness, loss of appetite and poor sleep, not knowing her ills are due to kidney and bladder troubles. Foley Kidney Pills give quick relief from pain and misery and a prompt return to health and strength. No woman who so suffers can afford to overlook Foley Kidney Pills. Howard Gardner.

COMPLAINS OF EXPRESS RATES.

Memphis Says Those From the East are Extortionate.

Washington, Aug. 18.—A difference of from 300 to 557 per cent between the express and the freight rates between New York, Philadelphia and other Eastern cities and Memphis, Tenn., is made the basis of a complaint filed today with the Interstate Commerce Commission by the Memphis freight bureau on behalf of shippers of that city.

The complaint is directed against the Adams, American, United States, Southern, Wells-Fargo and Pacific express Companies. It alleges that the rates on currency, merchandise and commodities by express from Eastern cities to Memphis are excessive, extortionate and unreasonable. It is pointed out that, while the express rate from New York to Memphis is $4 a hundred pounds on all merchandise, the freight rate on first-class traffic between the two cities is 300 per cent lower and that the express rate on the average of all commidities is 579 per cent greater than the average freight rate on the same commodities.

St. Louis, it is further averred, gets an express rate of $3 a 100, which is 33 1-3 per cent lower than that given Memphis. It is also charged that the express companies are making excessive profits and exorbitant returns on their investments, and it is declared they could reduce their rates materially without crippling the service or impairment of capital.

The commission is asked to adjust the express rates on a fair and eqquitable basis.

Blobbs—There is one remarkable thing about that defaulting bank cashier.

Slobbs—And that is?

Blobbs—He has never been a Sunday school superintendent.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

NATIONAL SWIMMING CONTEST IN ST. LOUIS

Will Occur Tomorrow Over Ten Mile Course in Mississippi River--Hundred Thousand People Expected to Witness it--Famous Swimmers Among Entries.

(By MONTY.

St .Louis, Aug. 18.—Unless you have attached your wagon to some paddling star, you are not in the swim in this town today. For the moment Roger Bresnahan and his Cardinal "wrecking crew" have been forgotten, and on everybody's tongue is talk about the big National Championship Marathon Swim that will be pulled off in the muddy waters of the broad Mississippi tomorrow. As in former years, the course is ten miles long, and extends from the "chain of rocks," where the Missouri pours its clay into the Father of Waters, downstream to the famous old Eads bridge, towering black and impressive, which will be banked twenty deep with a myriad howling swimming fans when the blue ribbon event of aquatics takes place tomorrow.

L. B. Goodwin, the celebrated "Bud" of the New York Athletic Club, is here. So is Michael McDermott, of Chicago, who came within an ace of winning the victory from Goodwin last year, Harry Handy of Chicago, winner of the 1907-'8-'9 contests, is missing his trip to the Philippines having prevented his entering this time. August Goessling, of the Missouri A. G. national back and breast stroke champion, will make them all hustle, and the phenomenal youngster, Chauncey Heath, also of the local club, declares he is in prime shape to put forth his best efforts. In the Western Rowing Club's five-mile swim two weeks ago Goessling was winner, with Heath a close second, so their boast does not seem idle. Then there are Merriam, Chiville, McGillivray and Jensen of Chicago, Grimes, Schrimpf, Murphy, Hall, Frizelle and Schwartz of this town, and some two score unknowns, one of whom may develop into the "dark horse" and carry off the honors. It is certain to be a great race.

The prize for the victor is the $1,000 silver cup, which must be won three times by a swimmer from a club before that club can gain permanent possession of the trophy. Goodwin, generally considered the best, and certainly the most celebrated long-distance swimmer in the world, already has won one leg of the trophy, by virtue of his triumph last year, and has but to win this year's and next year's races to gain the coveted emblem. However, he will find that a Herculean task unless local enthusiasts miss their guesses. There is also a special prize cup for each of the first ten men to finish.

On former occasions the race was held on Labor Day, the first Monday in September, but the water was cold each time and many of the contestants were forced to retire before half the race had been run, because of cramps. This year the directors of the Missouri Athletic Club, under whose auspices the ordeal is held, decided to move up the date, making the third Saturday in August. The wisdom of this is seen in the weather conditions now prevailing. A hot sun beat down upon the water today and indications are for a sizzler toworrow, which will be exactly to the liking of the manfishes, who are expected to break the record under the favorable conditions looked for.

Exhaustive preparations to accommodate the thousands that will witness the big swim were completed today, when C. W. Bassett, athletic director of the Missouri A. C., and Frank Sullivan, the club's swimming expert, succeeded in chartering the last two of the big excursion steamers to carry the crowd. The Bald Eagle, City of Providence, Spread Eagle and Alton, each capable of carrying five thousand persons, will take care of the general public who will watch the progress of the swimmers from the river itself. These, with the throng that will bank both sides of the levee and Eads bridge and the hundreds of small craft in the river, will bring the total spectators up to somewhere around the hundred thousand mark, judging by the increase in enthusiasm since last year, when eighty thousands were estimated to have witnessed the race in part or its entirety.

With the crack of the pistol, promptly at noon tomorrow, the more than fifty paddles will plunge from the barge at the "Chain of Rocks" into the swift-moving stream and strike out for the centre where the current runs fastest. The river at this time is higher than during the last holdings of the championship, which means better time, so that the winner is expected to pass under the arches of the bridge shortly after two o'clock. Boats have been provided to accompany each contestant and be ready to aid him in case of emergency.

PHOTOGRAPHS OF THOUGHT.

French Scientist Declares He Has Succeeded in Taking Them.

Much interest has been aroused here by the announcement of the well known scientific investigator, Commander Darget, of the success of experiments in photographing human thought.

Commander Darget, who has devoted a long time to the study of hypnotism and kindred subjects, stated yesterday to the Academy of Sciences that after many trials he had succeeded in obtaining a photographic impression of thoughs of concrete objects. He produced as evidence two photographs, one showing a walking stick and the other a bottle, in each case the image being perfectly distinct.

In explanation of his achievement, Commander Darget gave the following account of the process:

After staring a long time on the object to be photographed in a strong red light, concentrating all his attention on it, he fixed his gaze with all the will power at his command on a photographic plate that had previously been immersed in a weak developer in a dark room. At the end of a quarter of an hour the image of the object appeared on the negative.

According to the commander's theory these astounding results are due to certain obscure light rays which he calls "V" rays.

GOBBLER HATCHES 16 CHICKS.

Maternal Feat May Keep His Head on Next Thanksgiving.

Bloomsburg, Pa., Aug. 18.—A turkey gobbler belonging to John Martz, near Washingtonville, has ingratiated himself with his owner to an extent that will go a long way toward keeping his head intact over Thanksgiving. The gobbler has performed the exploit of setting for three weeks on a batch of eggs and hatching out a brood of 16 fine chicks.

The gobbler is a last year's bird. About a month ago he exhibited the symptoms that in female birds are taken to indicate a desire for hatching. After several attempts had failed to drive the idea out of the gobbler's head, he was given a nest and 17 chicken eggs. Never was a hen more faithful to her charge. For three weeks he left the nest at only rare intervals, and his continued care was rewarded by the loss of but one egg.

CHARLOTTE'S WATER WASTED

Standpipe Being Emptied While Arrangements Were Being Made to Haul Fluid In Tanks Cars.

Charlotte, August 17.—Emerging with terrific force through a tiny crack in a 16-inch cast-iron elbow pipe bolted to the standpipe near the corner of Fifth and Graham streets, 300,000 gallons or less of good water spouted merrily on its way to waste yesterday afternoon with as much gusto as though the city were burdened with a plethora of the liquid and knew not how to dispose of it.

And thereby hangs a tale of many hours' hard work on the part of city officials and others after the break had been discovered and of efforts little short of heroic to stop the leak which was steadily draining the 600,000 gallons of reserve stored away in the big standpipe.

Not until 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon was the waterworks department notified that anything was wrong. Then a lady living nearby remembered that her little daughter had heard the water gushing as early as noon that day and had commented upon it, the sound being similar to that of the former days before the overflow was piped. All during the afternoon, therefore, while preparations were being busily made for importing water from the Catawba this other stream was wending its way elsewhere unnoticed.

Who said that fate was ironical?

As soon as the authorities were notified they acted. The break had occurred on the lower side of the elbow. An expert gave it as his theory that it resulted from continued strain, as the standpipe has been full of late. It was impossible to stop the leak, as the entire pressure of the standpipe's deposit was forcing the water out.

Under the direction of Superintendent Vest and his assistant, Mr. McKean Maffitt, the work of emptying the standpipe so as to save the water was begun. Lines of hose were run to the mains at hydrants and much of the water was stored away in tank cars hastily requistioned for the purpose. Much of it was allowed to run back into the basins at the pumping station and into the Irwin's creek reservoir. This was continued until the standpipe was emptied, so that work could be done on the broken pipe.

Meanwhile Mayor Bland had instantly telephoned Alderman E. S. Williams of the Mecklenburg Iron Works and arrangements were made to have a cast-iron flange made to fit over the broken part of the pipe and and hold it tight. Expert workmen were summoned by telephone and five were put to work on the job of making this. It will be completed by a rapid process by this morning and after finishing touches have been put to it by the workmen it will probably be put in place by 11 o'clock.

The pumps were started as soon as the pressure from the standpipe had fallen very low, so that the water was never cut off, nor unavailable for use by the citizens.

The only sure things in life are those that have already happened.

For Your Enjoyment

Everywhere

Here's an individual among drinks—a beverage that fairly snaps with delicious goodness and refreshing wholesomeness.

Coca-Cola

has more to it than mere wetness and sweetness—it's vigorous, full of life. You'll enjoy it from the first sip to the last drop and afterwards.

Delicious--Refreshing--Thirst-Quenching

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY
Atlanta, Ga.
6-

Send for our interesting booklet, "The Truth About Coca-Cola"

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola

Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes, Bath Brushes, in fact Brushes of every description can always be found at our store and each one carries our personal guarantee. Come back and get your money if not satisfied.

FARISS-KLUTZ
DRUG COMPANY

The Store That Appreciates Your Business.

Free Motion Pictures
CHANGED DAILY
At Lindley Park
Dance Tuesday and Friday Nights

CIVIL SUIT TO DISSOLVE SHOE MACHINE TRUST

Action to Be Begun As Soon As Grand Jury Now Investigating Reports.

Washington, Aug. 18.—A civil suit for the dissolution of the United Shoe Machinery Company of Boston will be begun by the department of justice.

The government is now seeking criminal indictments of the officials of that company before the grand jury.

This is in accordance with a new policy of the department of justice. Heretofore the civil proceedings have been instituted first under the Sherman antitrust laws and the criminal prosecutoins have been allowed to wait until after the settlement of the civil suit. This has often permitted the statute of limitations to run.

It is reported that the officials of the United Shoe Machinery Company some time ago sought to confer with Attorney General Wickersham to attempt to reach a basis for compromise.

GET IT AT HAGAN'S. 8-12tf.

STRIKE SITUATION IN ENGLAND IS GROWING CRITICAL

(Continued from Page One).

panies' representatives accepted the proposition, but the employes rejected it.

David Lloyd-George announced in the House of Commons after the conferences that the men thought the proposal of a royal commission was the usual scheme to effect delay and that he believed that was the reason it was not accepted.

The dramatic feature of the affair is that Engalnd's army is on the move. Its activities might be described as nearer a mobilization than at any time for some years. The government is deploying troops to meet the emergency all over the country. At Aldershot last night 15,000 soldiers were loaded on 22 trains. The authorities refused to make public their destinations, but a large proportion of them have come to London and are encamping in the parks and near the railway stations. Four thousand soldiers are stationed in east London, the center of the trouble. Three thousand infantry are raising tents in Regent park, another 3,000 in Hyde Park, 600 are guarding the general postoffice and another 600 are encamped at the Tower of London.

All the provincial authorities have been instructed concerning the closing of taverns and the enrolment of special constables. Arrangements have been made to open fifty depots in London for the swearing in of special constables if this should be found necessary. Late reports from the provinces say there has been a wide cessation of work, especially on the part of men handling freight traffic. The passenger service, however, is maintained with fair regularity, it is stated. There are also reports from many places of minor disturbances, such as small riots and the turning over of signal boxes.

At Lindley Park.

A large audience last night enjoyed the amateur performance given in the Lindley Park theatre. The six feature acts were handled in truly excellent style and pleased the spectators immensely. The first prize was won by the teammates, Gaulden and Richards.

SEIZE HER CIGARETTE CASE.

Mrs. W. A. Hamilton, Cousin of Mrs. Gould Forgot to Declare It.

New York, Aug. 17.—Personal effects valued at $565 were seized by customs inspectors from Mrs. William A. Hamilton, a society woman, who is a cousin of Mrs. George Gould, upon her arrival from Europe today because the customs men said she had failed to declare the articles, including a gold mesh bag bought in Paris, a gold cigarette case, lace waist and china.

Mrs. Hamilton declared articles valued at only $25, and when customs inspectors confronted her mith the report that numerous other dutiable valuables were found in her baggage, she declared that failure to mention them was an oversight. She had been in the habit of traveling with Mrs. Kingdon, her aunt, and Mrs. Gould's mother, she said, and Mrs. Kingdon had usually taken care of the customs matters. Mrs. Kingdon died recently in Europe.

Mrs. Hamilton will have an opportunity to recover the articles seized by paying the home value of them—the foreign value plus the duty.

NEGRO GRAVEYARD ON FIRE.

"Judgement Day!" Cried Many, as They Saw Graves Crack Open.

Winchester, Va., Aug. 18.—Terrified negresses ran pellmell shouting "Judgement Day is Here!" when fire was discovered in the Orrick cemetery in which hundreds of colored people are buried.

A lot owner had gone there to burn dry grass off his lot, and the fire made rapid headway, enveloping the entire cemetery in flames in a short time. The heat was so intense that some of the graves cracked open and many tombstones were damaged. The colored people were badly frightened and some of the more superstitious declared the fire was the work of the devil.

ASK FOR RECEIVER.

Tobacco Growers Complain of Burley Society.

Lexington, Ky., Aug 18.—J. B. Grover, James W. Thacker and John F. Ford, Scott county tobacco growers, filed a suit today here asking for a receiver and an accounting from the Burley Tobacco Society and the Burley Tobacco Company. It is charged the companies are insolvent and that this condition was brought about by reckless handling of money belonging to poolers. It is also charged that over $1,000,000 was retained by the society for alleged stock in the Burley company, which was not worth more than $200,000. Furthermore it is alleged the whole scheme of original contracts was abandoned and tobacco was dumped on the market to lower prices.

PLANETS IN COZY COTERIE.

Mars and Saturn Seem One Star, With Moon Close By.

Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 17.—The eastern heavens tonight presented an unusual spectacle, that of the apparent conjunction of two planets, Mars and Saturn, near the moon. The planets, although appearing to the naked eye as a brilliant double star, were in fact about two-thirds the apparent width of the moon apart.

The spectacle was so unusual that Professor Pickering, director of the Harvard college observatory, came from his summer home today to supervise observations of the phenomena. Photographs of the conjunction were taken at the observatory.

NUMEROUS OUT OF TOWN AUTOS IN ASHEVILLE.

Number Probably Exceeds That of Any Preceding Period—All Makes and Sizes.

Asheville, Aug. 18.—There are probably more visiting autoists in the city at the present time than ever before.

Autos from nearly every Southern State are headed Ashevilleward, all makes and sizes from the finest touring cars to the handy runabouts being in evidence.

A gentleman who made his way through the country this week from South Carolina said that his was the twenty-fifth automobile passing a certain place in one day, all of which were making their way to the Land of the Sky.

Cars have been seen on the streets from the most southerly towns of Florida, two or more from Texas and one or more from Kansas and others from Northern cities.

It has been esiimated by an Asheville autoist that there are fully one hundred visiting machines in Asheville, while there are at least 200 machines in the city owned by local residents.

There ahe several miles of good roads in Buncombe county and excellent streets in Asheville, which are being enjoyed by a large number of tourists in this section.

Lad Breaks Arm.

The 10-year-old grandson of W .H. Dorsett fell from a bicycle yesterday afternoon and broke both bones of his left forearm.

It's so clean and easy when you cook with Gas. You"ll enjoy life if you use a

DETROIT JEWEL GAS RANGE

313—PHONES—331

North Carolina Public Service Company

OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS

Still have a supply of Seasonable Summer Goods, Genuine Porcelain Lined Refrigerators, Ice Boxes, Ice Cream Freezers, Ice Tools of different kinds, different kinds of water coolers, The King Fly Killer, Lawn Hose, Lawn Mowers, Reap Hooks, and many other useful articles.

Yours to please,

Greensboro Hardware Co.,

Phone 131 221 South Elm St

75 PER CENT. OF THE BIG ADVERTISERS OF AMERICA PREFER

EVENING NEWSPAPERS

Out of 400 Large Department Stores 302 say they Prefer Evening Papers and Give Reasons Why

(FROM THE LOS ANGELES RECORD)

OUT of 400 letters sent to the large Department Stores of America asking which they considered a better medium for advertising, morning or an evening daily newspaper, 392 replied. Of these replies 302 stated they preferred the evening newspaper for advera tising; 26 stated they gave the evening paper first copy when they used an evening and a morning paper. As the Department Stores are always the largest advertisers in their respective cities and are in a position to see where the results come from, their opinions, formed from experience, are most valuable. They all speak most emphatically of the advantages of the evening paper over the morning paper for advertising. Of these 302 advertisers who prefer the evening paper a large number of them use the evening paper exclusively and find the returns most profitable.

THE following statements made by the different large firms of America show why they prefer the evening paper over the morning paper:

ST. LOUIS, MO.—The evening paper is best, as it is the one that gets into the homes and stays there. Men carry the morning paper downtown on their way to work in most cases.—Wm. Barr Dry Goods Co.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—The evening paper undoubtedly is the best advertising medium, because it most surely gets into the very hands toward which all department store advertising is intended—the women of the house—and because then there is plenty of time to read, plan and digest.—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb.

CHICAGO, ILL.—We spend $325,000 a year and 75 per cent of it is in the evening papers and 25 per cent in Sunday papers. Even with our great morning papers we cannot make them pay, though the experimenting has cost us $100,000.—Siegel, Cooper & Co.

EVANSVILLE, IND.—We prefer the evening paper for advertising because the housekeeper, business man and working man have more time to go through the paper in detail after the day's work is over and have time to plan their next day's shopping. Our experience is that we get quicker and more direct results from the evening paper.—Fowler, Dick & Walker.

BOSTON, MASS.—We consider the evening paper the best medium, because it is taken home and the women get to see it.—Henry Siegel Company.

BRIDGEPORT, CONN.—We consider the evening newspaper better, because we cater to the working people, and they are employed from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. and their only leisure time is in the evening, and they invariably take only evening papers, and have more time to read advertisements.—Cline Bros.

ALBANY, N. Y.—We consider the evening newspaper a better medium for advertising, because women have more time and better opportunity to read the evening papers.—Waldman Bros.

AKRON, OHIO—We consider an evening paper a superior medium. The evening paper goes direct to the homes and is more thoroughly read. It is read by men after business duties are through for the day and they are more liable to remember the advertising. The morning paper is used by office men.—C. H. Leager & Co.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.—We consider the evening paper the best advertising medium, as the average woman does not take time to read a paper until her work is done.—Ed Schuster & Co.

DETROIT, MICH.—We prefer the evening paper.—Partridge & Blackwell.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.—Best results from evening newspapers. The only time I use a morning paper is Sunday for Monday's business. Balance of the week the evening papers do the work to my entire satisfaction.—The Fair.

LOUISVILLE, KY.—We use afternoon papers exclusively during the week. Morning papers on Sunday only.—John C. Lewis Company.

ST. LOUIS, MO.—For advertisements containing items of special prominence likely to produce a rush, the evening newspaper serves as a better advertising medium, first, because people as a rule, have more time to read an evening paper thoroughly and note the contents thereof; second, it gives an opportunity to shoppers to select what items they contemplate purchasing and allows them time to prepare a program for the next day's shopping.—Burgen Dry Goods Company.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—We prefer the evening paper week days and the morning paper Sundays only, because the evening paper is brought to the home by the member of the family who goes to business and buys and reads the paper on his way home. The Sunday paper is delivered at the home and read in the home.—Price & Rosenbaum.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—We consider the evening paper the better medium for advertising, mainly because the evening paper goes into the home and stays there when there is time for the whole family to read and consider.—Frederick Losser & Co.

ST. PAUL, MINN.—We have always given the evening paper the preference. We spend $40,000 a year for advertising and this all goes into newspapers. We use no other medium of any kind, as we consider ANYTHING OUTSIDE OF THE NEWSPAPER as money wasted.—W. H. Elsinger & Co.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—We consider the evening paper better as a general thing, for it is usually the home paper.—Callendar, McAuslin — Troup Co.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.—The evening paper is, in our opinion, most profitable for advertising.—The Wm. H. Block Company.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—We do most of our advertising in the evening paper.—Wm. Henerer Co.

BOSTON, MASS.—We prefer the evening paper by all means, because it goes into the homes directly, while the morning paper has a tendency to work back into the business section and does not reach the homes in such relative number as the evening paper.—Houghton & Dutton.

ST. PAUL, MINN.—Where I've been, almost without exception, the evening paper is the best medium.—W. H. Milligan, Advertising Manager Field, Schlick & Co.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.—The evening paper by all means.—The Bailey Company.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—It is our opinion that the evening paper is better, as the shopper is prepared to sally forth the next morning.—Penny & Gentles.